WEEKLY EDITION
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FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER.

DAILY EDITION
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50c. for 6 Months, " "
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OLD SERIES—VOL. LXV—NO 3,359 FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1900. NEW SERIES—VOL. XVII—No 919

Don't Get Thin

Get fat; get nice and plump; there is safety in plumpness.

Summer has tried your food-works; winter is coming to try your breath-mill. Fall is the time to brace yourself.

But weather is tricky; look out! Look out for colds especially.

Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil is the subtlest of helps. It is food, the easiest food in the world; it is more than food, it helps you digest your food, and get more nutriment from it.

Don't get thin, there is safety in plumpness. Man woman and child.

If you have not tried it, send for free sample its agreeable taste will surprise you.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists,
409 Pearl Street, New York.
50c. and $1.00; all druggist.

SCHOOL BOOKS AT HALF PRICE.

N. C. REPORTS AT A SACRIFICE.

We buy, sell and exchange all kinds of Books furnishing the new Books at Publisher's Prices when we haven't the Second-Hand School and Law Books a specialty. 30,000 volumes in stock and more wanted.

Send in your orders with only 60 per cent of first cost and we will prepay to you in good order.

Special discount on large orders. Catalogue free on application.

SOUTHERN BOOK EXCHANGE,
127-129 Fayetteville St.,
M. M. SMITH, Raleigh, N. C.

Executor's Notice.

Having qualified as Executor of the estate of George W. Memory, deceased, late of Cumberland county, N. C, this is to notify all persons having claims against the estate of said deceased to exhibit them to the undersigned on or before August 31st. 1901, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment. This the 31st day of August, 1900.

D. A. McNEILL, Executor.
D. T. OATES, Attorney.

WHITE BRONZE.

Our faith in anything is largely based on the opinion of others. "Faith comes by hearing." My faith in White Bronze grows stronger day by day as the best material for all kinds of Monumental Work. The following testamonials speak for themselves:

ANTRIM (N. H.) SOLDIERS' MONUMENT.
ANTRIM, N. H., June 25, 1892.
Monumental Bronze Co., Bridgeport, Conn.,

GENTS:—The Soldiers' Monument erected for us this day by your agent, Mr. A. F. Baxter, not only fulfills the contract in every particular, but in gane at appearance exceeds our expectation. If any one desires to see a fine specimen of monumental work you need not hesitate to refer them to us

Respectfully yours,
LEANDER EMERY,
Adjutant of Ephriam Weston Post 87, G. A. R.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C, April 25th. 1900.
MR. J. M. LAMB,
DEAR SIR:
I have examined the monument that you erected at my mother's grave. We are all well pleased with it in every respect. The color of material is superior to anything that I have seen. The inscripion and design are as good as could be desired.

Respectfully yours,
J. W. McNEILL.

For designs and prices call on
JAMES M. LAMB,
Fayetteville, N. C.
(Agent Monumental Bronze Co, Bridgeport, Conn.)

Keeley Cure
For Drunkenness and Drug Using.
Our Illustrated Handbook Sent Free On Request.
Please write in Correspondence confidential.
THE KEELEY INSTITUTE, Dept. O., Greensboro, N. C.

CURE ALL YOUR PAINS WITH
Pain-Killer.
A Medicine Chest in Itself.
SIMPLE, SAFE AND QUICK CURE FOR
Cramps, Diarrhoea, Colds, Coughs, Neuralgia, Rheumatism.
25 and 50 cent Bottles.
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.
BUY ONLY THE GENUINE.
PERRY DAVIS'

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. Name Paper. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co. Madison Park, PHILA., PA.
Mention this paper.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp disease & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists

Harper Whiskey Received Gold Medal.

(Special dispatch.)—Paris, August 25—American whiskies received the official approval of the exposition today, when Gold Medal was awarded to Bernheim Bros., Louisville, Ky., on their

I. W. HARPER WHISKEY.

From Thursday's Daily.

THE BRYAN AND STEVENSON CLUB, TO-NIGHT.

We trust there will be a full attendance at the meeting of the Bryan and Stevenson Club to-night. There will be an election of officers and other important business to attend to.

It is but little over six weeks before the most momentous question which has yet confronted the American people will be decided at the polls. What an inestimable right that is, to those who value and properly use it, the right of sovereignty—the right to say, this time, whether it shall be continued in the hands of the people or transferred to fewer and different hands! No man who reads can doubt that the issue is at last the Republic against the Empire.

In connection with these Bryan and Stevenson clubs, Mr. Hearst, the President of the National Association, requests the publication of the following leaflet, which we commend to the attention of wage-earners:

The New York State Bureau of Labor Statistics is a non-partisan bureau, obtaining its facts from reports of all labor organizations and trade unions in the State. Its bulletins show that while the number of men employed in all skilled labor trades since 1896, has increased 18 per cent., the aggregate or gross sum of wages paid has only increased 15. That is, that while the number of men employed has increased, the average rate of wages has fallen off. Do you know that

1. It requires 50 per cent. more wheat to buy a stove than it did in 1896. But—the stove moulder gets no higher wages. Who gets the difference?

2. It requires twenty bushels more corn to buy a wagon than it did in 1896. But—the wheelwrights and wagon makers get no higher wages. Who gets the difference?

3. It requires 100 per cent. more corn or wheat to buy a copper kettle than in 1896. But—the copper workers and drawers get no higher wages. Who gets the difference?

4. It requires twice as much corn to buy a coil of rope as in 1896. But—the rope makers get no higher wages. Who gets the difference?

5. It requires 40 per cent. more grain to buy a plough than in 1896. But—agricultural implement makers get no higher wages. Who gets the difference?

6. It requires 75 per cent. more grain to buy a hoe, rake, or a shovel, than in 1896. But—the men who make these things get no higher wages. Who gets the difference?

7. A set of common wheels that cost $7 in 1896 now costs $12. But—the wheel makers get no higher wages. Who gets the difference?

8. The price of cultivators and other farm implements has gone up proportionately. But—the workers engaged in these trades get no higher wages. Who gets the difference?

9 Galvanized barbed wire costs from $4 to $4 50 per hundred more than in 1896. But—the wire drawers get no higher wages. Who gets the difference?

10. It requires 40 per cent. more corn or cotton to buy a pound of sugar than in 1896. But—the sugar makers get no higher wages. Who gets the difference?

11. You have to pay 40 per cent. more for glass than in 1896. But—the glass makers get no higher wages. Who gets the difference?

12 Freight rates have climbed back to the exorbitant prices which caused a popular revolt in legislation a few years ago. But—the railroad employe gets no higher wages. Who gets the difference?

13. The prices of oil, coal, lumber, tools and hardware have gone up from 40 to 100 per cent. The laborers engaged in this work, skilled and unskilled, get no more wages. Who gets the difference?

14. And all these things have been done by the trusts. Can you answer the questions now? Well, then, the Trusts.

15. A trust robs you, waking or sleeping, eating or drinking, working or playing, living or dying, and the coffin trust gets you in the end.

The Appointment of Sub-Electors.

Chairman Simmons has sent out to the county chairmen circulars in regard to the appointment of sub-electors in each county, in which he says:

At a conference of the candidates for Congress and the Electors held in this city on the 14th instant, it was decided that the interest of the party and of our Presidential and Congressional candidates would be greatly promoted by the appointment of sub-Electors in each county. In the Tilden campaign this plan was adopted with signally good results in this State. After consideration, I am satisfied that much good will result by following this suggestion. The idea of the conference was that the Chairman of the Executive committee, in conference with such members of the committee as he might see fit to consult, should select the candidate. Or, if he thought best, that a meeting of the Executive committee should be convened for that purpose. On account of the delay, therefore, in getting together the committee, and also the time at this busy season of the year, it was believed that a selection by the chairman would answer every purpose. If it is thought better, the State Chairman will join the County Chairman in endorsing whoever may be selected in your county for this position.

The appointee, whoever he may be, should be a man who can and will canvass the county. You will remember in the last campaign, in all the counties where we had White Supremacy Clubs, we had what was called a County Organizer of Clubs. As far as practicable, I think it would be wise if the organizer, in the counties where there was one, would accept, to appoint him, but of course that would depend upon circumstances. It is needless for me to say in the selection of this candidate great care should be exercised.

I trust this scheme will meet your approval, and that you will, as soon as practicable, take the necessary steps to secure a candidate and get him actively to work. Appointments for speaking by the sub Elector should be made by the county chairman. Such a candidate will especially serve a good purpose this year in view of the fact that we have no county officers to elect, and hence will have no local candidates in the field.

Workingmen Not Hogs, Says Bryan.

In his speech at Fort Scott, Kansas, the full dinner pail argument of the Republicans received Mr. Bryan's first attention. He contended that the workingman is not content merely with a well-supplied table.

WORKINGMEN NOT HOGS.

"When the hog is hungry he squeals," said Mr. Bryan. "When he is full he goes to sleep. That seems to be the Republican idea of the workingman."

No party, he argued, had any claim upon a citizen except as a means of promoting his welfare, and no man was bound to support any party which was not true to the interests of the people. The Republican party had manifested no concern for the welfare of the masses; hence it had forfeited all claim upon their support. In substantiation of this statement he instanced the Republican partiality for the trusts, which were, as private monopolies, entirely in the interests of the few and opposed to the interests of the many.

The increase in the army, Mr. Bryan declared, was one of the facts going to show that the Republican party was not the party of the people. Accounting for the increase of the size of the army, he said that perhaps it was intended to meet such emergencies as the one which had arisen in the anthracite coal regions. The only domestic reason for increasing the army was to suppress, by force, that discontent among the people which should be cured by legislation.

LINCOLN AND THE INCOME TAX.

Mr. Bryan again referred to the income tax question, saying:

"Republicans, there was a time when your party favored the income tax. Abraham Lincoln signed the bill that made the income tax, and it was not a plain income tax, but a graded one. Now when we advocate the income tax today you call us anarchists. How dare you accuse Abraham Lincoln of being an anarchist?—for he did just what we are doing today."

Mr. Bryan said Lincoln signed the bill providing for the greenbacks. He believed this nation should issue its own money and that no private corporation should issue or control one dollar of the money the people used.

"Republicans," he asked, "is this a dangerous doctrine? If it is Abraham Lincoln is responsible for the dangerous doctrine which you now denounce."

MCKINLEY, ROOSEVELT AND TRUSTS.

In discussing the trusts Mr. Bryan said:

"Read the President's letter of acceptance and see what he says in regard to the trusts. He spends more time warning you not to harm the good trusts than he does in telling you how to get rid of the bad ones. Read the letter of the Vice-Presidential candidate and see how anxious he is that nobody should say anything about the trusts.

"The Republican party today stands sponsor at the cradle of more trusts than ever sprang into existence before. The Republicans have had the President and the Senate and the House, and the Republican President has been in power for three years, but as yet he has never made one specific suggestion looking toward the destruction of the trusts. You will read in a Republican newspaper that the Republican National Committee is in consultation with Mr. Gates, of the barbed wire trust. That does not alarm you farmers at all.

"The Republican farmer seems to think that the trust magnate does not support the Republican ticket. Don't you know that these magnates not only support the Republican ticket, but they furnish the money with which to carry on the campaign, and they expect to get it back between campaigns? The Republican party has taken the side of organized wealth against the rest of the people."

THAT NORTH CAROLINA ARGUMENT.

While he was discussing the colonial policy of the Government some one asked Mr. Bryan about North Carolina and the race question in that State.

"I am glad you mentioned North Carolina," said Mr. Bryan. "Now, I want you to read the Sulu treaty, and having done that, I think you will blush until election day and never have time to think of North Carolina."

This sally brought a prolonged cheer from the crowd. When it had subsided Mr. Bryan outlined the Sulu treaty, showing how it tolerates and recognizes slavery. He then said that the Republican party had many years ago disfranchised the negro in the District of Columbia, and by legislation during the last session of Congress the negroes of Porto Rico had been denied the right of trial by jury. No State Legislature of the United States had gone so far.

"Yes," said he, "this race question is serious wherever it is encountered. And is not the presence of race prejudice in this country today a reason why we should not take the chances of increasing it by adding to our population 8,000,000 of people of a totally different race? No intelligent citizen can deny the existence of the race question here, and it is such a serious question that it will take all the intelligence of both the white and the black people to settle, even under existing conditions. For God's sake, then, don't let us take any step which will further complicate the situation."

Congressman Thomas on Imperialism.

The speech of Hon. C. R. Thomas the member of Congress from this district, delivered on the 3d April in the House of Representatives, on the subject of Imperialism, is an excellent statement of the Democratic position with regard to the Philippines. No doubt Mr. Thomas would be glad to send copies of this speech to those who desire to post themselves on the subject, if they would apply to him. It contains a vast amount of information, well digested and lucidly arrayed.

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the sytem. Price, 75c. per bottle Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

THE IVY OF ABBOTTSFORD, DRYBURGH AND SUNNYSIDE.

Contrast Between a Scotch and a Yankee Landlord.

Correspondence of the Observer.

The interesting item in last issue of the OBSERVER in reference to the ivy brought to Fayetteville by the late George Lauder, calls to mind an incident in the life of Mr. Lauder as related by him to this writer many years ago.

"I was about to emigrate to America," said he, "and I felt that I could not leave Scotland without seeing Sir Walter Scott, just then rising into fame as the author of Waverley, so I went to his residence at Abbottsford and put up at an inn. Very early on the following morning I went up to the residence of Sir Walter just to see how the land lay and intending to make my call after my breakfast at the inn. To my surprise I found the great man taking a morning walk in his grounds. The impulse to speak to him was too great to be resisted and opening a gate I advanced toward him. With a pleasant smile of welcome, he inquired: 'Whom have I the pleasure of meeting so early in the morning?' 'I am George Lauder, sir, and about to emigrate to America and have come to see the author of Waverley before I leave my native land perhaps forever.' 'If that be your mission, sir, you will breakfast with me.' Well I breakfasted and dined too with the great Sir Walter and late in the afternoon I bid him adieu after spending the most pleasant day of my life."

"Sir Walter spoke kindly of Washington Irving who had visited Abbottsford and gave me many pleasant incidents connected with that visit."

"Many years afterward being in New York on business, I concluded to visit Washington Irving at Sunnyside on the Hudson. By a strange coincidence I found Mr. Irving walking in his grounds in the early morning, and I advanced toward him, when he raised his cane in rather threatening manner and demanded to know why I dared thus to intrude upon his grounds in that manner. I replied: 'I once dared to intrude upon the grounds of Sir Walter Scott and he met me with kindness and hospitality, and he was a greater man than you are, sir.'"

The mention of Scott's name was talismanic and as he lowered his cane he advanced to meet me with a pleasant smile, remarking: "If you are a friend of Walter Scott you must take breakfast with me. I breakfasted and dined with the great author and recorded another most pleasant day spent with a great man. Mr. Irving informed me that the original sprig of ivy planted at Abbottsford was presented to Sir Walter by a lady to whom the poet Burns addressed one of his poems. A sprig was given by Walter Scott to Washington Irving and planted by him at Sunnyside and from there I procured a cutting and it is now growing on many chimneys and walls in Fayetteville. Few know the pleasant associations connected with it. It is growing on the towers of Abbottsford and on the walls of Dryburgh Abbey where repose the remains of the Great Wizard of the North."

H. MCMILLAN.
Red Springs, N. C.

Autryville Items

AUTRYVILLE, N. C., Sept. 17.

Dry weather has been the talk for a good while, but there is now coming rain and truly it is a welcome visitor.

The protracted meeting at Concord which was carried on by the pastor Rev. R. A. Hedgpeth and Rev. J. G. Fisher closed yesterday.

Mr. David Gainey has been very sick but is now improving,

The protracted meeting at Autryville commenced last night under the supervision of Rev. R. A. Hedgpeth and Rev. F. T. Wooten of Salemsburg.

We saw in "Jack's" writing a few weeks ago that the "Smiling Band" was reorganized and doing business at the old stand. Being that I was not very well posted in the smiling business, I decided I would attend a meeting. When arriving at the place of business to my great surprise I found "Jack" to be president of the band. I was accompanied into the room by ex-president Snips, who explained to me the platform upon which "Jack" was elected president. He said the most important plank of the platform was "Jack's old age and not being married." JUMBO.

Factories Engaged in Their Old Political Schemes.

New York Journal.

The Hartford Post asserts that many of the contracts now being made for next winter's business are conditional on the re election of McKinley. If Bryan is elected the deals are off. This, our contemporary thinks, "is not politics, but soldblooded business."

Oh, no, it is not business, but politics of the most familiar kind. There never is a Presidential campaign without the same dodge. In 1884 the late P. T. Barnum announced that he would sell all his property at Bridgeport for 50 cents on the dollar in case of Cleveland's election. When Cleveland was elected Barnum was asked to "make good," but he preferred to hold on to the property. In 1896 there was a general announcement on the part of factory owners that they would shut down in the event of Bryan's election, and that if McKinley should be elected they would run on full time at increased wages. McKinley was elected, and many of the factories that had made these promises shut down, and of those that kept open a number reduced wages.

Pre-election threats and promises are politics. Post-election performance is business. The Republican party is never without its Barnum.

PREVENTED A TRAGEDY.

Timely information given Mrs. Geo. Long, of New Straitsville, Ohio, prevented a dreadful tragedy and saved two lives. 'A frightful cough had long kept her awake every night. She had tried many remedies and doctors but steadily grew worse until urged to try Dr. King's New Discovery. One bottle wholly cured her, and she writes this marvelous medicine also cured Mr. Long of a severe attack of Pneumonia. Such cures are positive proof of the matchless merit of this grand remedy for curing all throat, chest and lung troubles. Only 50. and $1.00. Every bottle guaranteed. Trial bottles free at B.E. Sedberry & Sons.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE TABLETS All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

A MOST IMPORTANT COMMUNICATION.

The Head of a Great New England Corporation Sees Fine Advantages in Fayetteville.

Our readers will remember that we stated some months ago that capitalists were investigating the advantages of Fayetteville, with a view to establishing a million dollar bleachery here in Fayetteville, and had sent an expert to make a personal examination of our climate, water, sites, transportation facilities, etc. Now comes the following letter, received yesterday:

September 17, 1900.

Mr. F. R. Rose, Secretary Chamber of Commerce, Fayetteville, N. C.:

Dear Sir: As you have not heard from me since my visit to Fayetteville, I hope you will not think that I have abandoned the idea of establishing a bleachery in your city. The gentlemen who were to become financially interested in the matter have been away all summer and are just now getting back. From my report to them they are perfectly satisfied that this industry could be established in your city with absolute success, if the *work can be obtained* for the bleachery to do. I was well satisfied with the facilities and natural advantages possessed by your city, in the way of good water, cheap motive power, cheap labor and excellent transportation facilities, but with all these of the best, it would be a waste of money to establish this industry there unless it could have reasonable assurance of work.

Now this is a matter for your Chamber of Commerce to take up, you being there on the ground. Make a canvass among the mills that this industry would naturally be expected to serve and learn definitely how much work could be depended upon. Some of the mills in your section are yarn mills, and some of the cloth mills do not make goods that are bleached. But your Chamber can learn all this, and be able to state just what mills make cloth that now goes to bleacheries, and if contracts could be obtained for doing the work if a plant were established at Fayetteville. This information is absolutely necessary, and should be reliable, and could be obtained by correspondence. I have stated this plainly to you, as it is the way it has been laid down to me, and I can assure you that if a satisfactory showing can be made there will be no time lost in starting the industry. I can further assure you that if the gentlemen who would like to be behind me in this matter once become interested in Fayetteville the future of your city will be assured.

Mr. Rose informs us that he intends at once to open correspondence with mills in this and adjoining States for the purpose of obtaining the information requested.

RESOLUTIONS OF RESPECT.

At a regular communication of Pocosin Lodge, No. 8, A. F. & A. M., held Friday evening, September 7th, 1900, the following resolutions were adopted:

WHEREAS: The Supreme Ruler of the universe in His inscrutable wisdom has seen fit to call from the labor of this imperfect to the eternal rest and and refreshment of that all perfect, glorious and Celestial Lodge above, our Brother Jesse A. Hedgpeth, who departed this life at his residence on August 8th A. L. 5900; therefore be it resolved,

First—That in the death of Brother Hedgpeth this Lodge has lost a zealous and worthy member who has endeared himself to all by his genial and kindly disposition, and whose kindly, smiling countenance—though vanished from our sight forever—will be long cherished in loving remembrance by his Brethren and Companions.

Second—That our sympathy is extended to the family of our Brother in their bereavement, and a copy of these resolutions be sent them, a page of our records be dedicated to his memory, and a copy of these resolutions be sent to the Fayetteville OBSERVER for publication.

J. G. HOLLINGSWORTH,
J. A. BARNES,
CHAS. KENNEDY,
Committee.

Special Rates to Raleigh.

The Atlantic Coast Line announces special rates to the State Fair to be held at Raleigh on October 22d to 27th. The fare from Fayetteville and return, including one admission to the Fair, is $3 00. Tickets to be sold October 19th to 26th with final limit October 29th.

Fine Figure

Many women lose their girlish forms after they become mothers. This is due to neglect. The figure can be preserved beyond question if the expectant mother will constantly use

Mother's Friend

during the whole period of pregnancy. The earlier its use is begun, the more perfectly will the shape be preserved.

Mother's Friend not only softens and relaxes the muscles during the great strain before birth, but helps the skin to contract naturally afterward. It keeps unsightly wrinkles away, and the muscles underneath retain their pliability.

Mother's Friend is that famous external liniment which banishes morning sickness and nervousness during pregnancy; shortens labor and makes it nearly painless; builds up the patient's constitutional strength, so that she emerges from the ordeal without danger. The little one, too, shows the effects of Mother's Friend by its robustness and vigor.

Sold at drug stores for $1 a bottle.

Send for our finely illustrated book for expectant mothers.

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO.
ATLANTA, GA.

Bryan and Stevenson Banner.

Mr. T. T. Wright will to-night present the Fayetteville Bryan and Stevenson Club with a handsomely painted banner, bearing an excellent picture of Mr. Bryan. Mr. Wright has presented the Wilmington and Raleigh clubs with similar banners. The Wilmington Star of yesterday says:

President John N. Bennett, of the Bryan and Stevenson Club of the First Ward, yesterday received a handsomely painted and appropriately designed banner for the club which was organized last Friday night for the national campaign.

It was designed and painted by Mr. T. T. Wright, of Fayetteville, and is "set off" in fine shape by an excellent likeness of Bryan. The words "Bryan and Stevenson Club" are handsomely finished in a curvature over the painting of the "nation's favorite" and beneath the picture are the full names of the national standard bearers.

In a letter accompanying the gift, Mr. Wright says:

"Allow me the ipleasure of presenting to this club this banner as a token of the love and friendship I have for all true Democrats in Wilmington. The banner was painted by myself and I hope it will be appreciated by all true Democrats in your city. I trust New Hanover will again be among the many counties that will help swell the great majority that will be given in November to Bryan and Stevenson by our good Old State.

"Yours truly,
T. T. WRIGHT, Painter."

Messrs. Cook and Thomas at Jacksonville.

The Jacksonville Times says of the great rally there on the 12th inst.:

The 12th of September will be long remembered by the people of this county. Everything was as nice as a new pin, the largest crowd possibly that ever assembled in Jacksonville, and an attempt to describe in detail the days pleasure would be a task too great for this amateur. By special arrangement both trains, the mail from New Bern bringing Hon. C. R. Thomas and Prof. D. B. Simpson, and the freight from Wilmington bringing Hon. H. L. Cook and second regiment band, arrived in Jacksonville nearly at the same time. Hon. H. L. Cook was introduced and though feeble in health made a powerful speech against trusts and the new issue Imperialism. Then came the dinner, the table which had been arranged on the court house square, was loaded down with good things. After dinner Hon. C. R. Thomas was introduced and made one of his best speeches. With Cook and Thomas to talk democracy over this district we will surely win. But there is lots to be done.

Cumberland County Teachers' Association.

Cumberland County Teachers' Association was organized at the court house on Saturday, September 1, 1900.

The following officers were elected to serve until the next regular meeting, when the officers for the year will be elected: Z. B. Newton, of Hope Mills, president; Prof. Currie, of Raeford, vice-president; A. B. Hill, of Fayetteville, secretary.

A committee to prepare a programme of work to be done at the next meeting was appointed.

The next meeting will be held at the court house at 10:30 o'clock on Saturday, October 27, 1900.

All the public and private teachers of the county are requested to attend and take part in this meeting.

Presidential Tickets.

Atlanta Journal.

The country has a larger supply and a greater variety of presidential tickets than it was ever blessed with before. An even dozen of them have been placed upon the political bulletin board, and there may be one or two more added. The list stands as follows up to date:

Republican—For president, William McKinley, of Ohio; for vice president, Theodore Roosevelt, of New York.

Democratic—William J. Bryan, of Nebraska; Adlai E. Stevenson, of Illinois.

Silver Republican—William J. Bryan, of Nebraska; Adlai E. Stevenson, of Illinois.

Fusion Populist—William J. Bryan, of Nebraska; Adlai E. Stevenson, of Illinois.

Mid-Road Populist—Wharton Barker, of Pennsylvania; Ignatius Donnelly, of Minnesota.

Prohibition—John J. Woolley, of Illinois; Henry B. Metcalf, of Rhode Island.

Social Democrat—Eugene V. Debs, of Indiana; Job Harriman, of California.

Social Labor—Joseph F. Malloney, of Massachusetts; Valentine Remmell of Pennsylvania.

United Christian—J. F. R. Leonard, of Iowa; Charles M. Sheldon, of Kansas.

Anti-Imperialist—William J. Bryan, of Nebraska; no endorsement.

National—Donaldson Caffery, of Louisiana; Archibald M. Howe, of Massachusetts.

National Union Reform—Seth Ellis, of Onio; Samuel T. Nicholson, of Pennsylvania.

It is impossible to imagine why some of these tickets were nominated or what object their supporters hope to accomplish.

Bryan and Stevenson are backed by three parties, an honor which no other presidential ticket ever enjoyed before.

Of the minor tickets the Populist will poll the largest vote, but that will be a mere trifle compared to the vote cast for the two big tickets.

The Best Prescription for Chills

and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price, 50c.

Free to Inventors.

The experience of C. A. Snow & Co. in obtaining more than 20,000 patents for inventors has enabled them to helpfully answer many questions relating to the protection of intellectual property. This they have done in a pamphlet treating briefly of United States and foreign patents with cost of same, and how to procure them; trade marks, designs, caveats, infringements, decisions in leading patent cases, etc., etc.

This pamphlet will be sent free to anyone writing to C. A. Snow & Co., Washington, D. C.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure
"Digests what you eat."

The Delicious Fragrance

from a hot Royal Baking Powder biscuit whets the appetite. The taste of such a biscuit—sweet, creamy, delicate and crispy—is a joy to the most fastidious.

ROYAL Baking Powder improves the flavor and adds to the healthfulness of all risen flour-foods. It renders the biscuit, bread and cake more digestible and nutritious.

Royal Baking Powder makes hot breads wholesome. Food raised with Royal will not distress persons of delicate or enfeebled digestion, though eaten warm and fresh.

Imitation baking powders almost invariably contain alum. Alum makes the food unwholesome.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 100 WILLIAM ST., NEW YORK.

Colonel Waddell's Canvass.

Colonel A. M. Waddell accompanied by Mrs Waddell has begun his canvass for the nomination to the United States Senate to succeed Senator Butler. His appointments are as follows: Rutherfordton 13th, Murphy 17th, Bryson City 18th, Webster 19th, Waynesville 20th, Asheville 21st, Morganton 22nd, Newton 24th, Taylorsville 26th, Statesville 27th, Salisbury 28th, Albemarle 29th, Concord October 1st, Charlotte 2nd.

Did it Ever Occur to You that a little PERRY DAVIS PAIN-KILLER on the end of the finger applied once or twice to a mosquito bite would counteract the poison and speedily reduce the swelling? Pain-Killer will also cure bites and stings of other poisonous insects as well as reptiles. See directions as to use upon wrapper on each bottle. Avoid substitutes, there is but one Pain Killer, Perry Davis'. Price 25c. and 50c.

FREE BLOOD CURE.

An Offer Proving Faith to Sufferers.

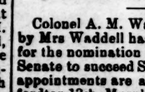
Is your Blood Pure? Are you sure of it? Do cuts or scratches heal slowly? Does your skin itch or burn? Have you Pimples? Eruptions? Aching Bones or Back? Eczema? Old Sores? Boils? Scrofula? Rheumatism? Foul Breath? Catarrh? Are you pale? If so purify your Blood at once with B. B. B. (Botanic Blood Balm). It makes the Blood Pure and Rich, heals every sore and gives a clear, smooth, healthy skin. Deep-seated cases like ulcers, cancer, eating sores, Painful Swellings, Blood Poison are quickly cured by B. B. B., made especially for all obstinate Blood and Skin Troubles. B. B. B. is different from other remedies because B. B. B. drains the Poison and Humors out of the Blood and entire system so the symptoms cannot return. Give it a trial. It cures when all else fails. Thoroughly tested for 30 years. Sold at drug stores at $1 per large bottle, 6 large bottles (full treatment) $5. So sufferers may test it, a trial bottle given away absolutely free. Write for it. Address BLOOD BALM CO., Atlanta, Ga. Write today. Describe trouble and free medical advice given.

Do Your Feet Ache and Burn?

Shake into your shoes Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It cools the feet and makes tight or New Shoes feel Easy. Cures Corns, Bunion, Swollen, Smarting, Hot, Callous, Sore and Sweating feet. Allen's Foot-Ease relieves all pain and gives rest and comfort. We have over 30,000 testimonials. It cures while you walk. Try it *to-day*. All druggists and shoe stores sell it, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

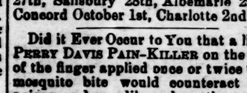
PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

B. L. HUNTER, D.D.S. THOS. M. HUNTER D. D. S.



DRS. HUNTER,
DENTISTS,
Northeast Corner Market Square,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
April 29, 1880.

DR. PATTERSON,
DENTIST.



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CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Married While in Custody.

Julius Mayfield, a young negro, was rescued from the county jail Tuesday afternoon by his sweetheart, Matilda Ploye, a colored girl of this city. The girl went to the court house, paid all the costs in Mayfield's case, bought a marriage license and was married to him on the spot by 'Squire D. N. McLean.

Concur with Germany

By cable to the Observer.

Berlin, September 21.—Several Powerf have expressed a concurrence in Germany's China note and the German foreign office is convinced that all the Powers will do likewise.

Steamers Burning.

By telegraph to the Observer.

St. Louis, Sept. 21.—The steamers War Eagle and Carrieb as well as a block of wharf boats are burning. Five persons are supposed to have been killed and one body has been recovered.

Russians Massacre Twelve Thousand Chinese.

By cable to the Observer.

London, September 21.—Further details received here state that in the massacre of Chinese by Russians at Blagovestchesnk, 12 000 persons in all were killed and not a soul escaped alive.

Kruger to Appeal to International Tribunal.

By cable to the Observer.

London, September 21.—A dispatch from St. Petersburg says that Kruger is coming to Europe to appeal to the tribunal of the international arbitration projected at the Peace conference.

Archbishop Ryan to Mediate.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Philadelphia, Sept'r 21—Archbishop Ryan to-day confirmed the report that President Olyphant Tuesdale had consented to confer with him on the strike. He says he now feels encouraged. The time and place of conference will be determined to-day.

Li Hung Chang at Taku.

By cable to the Observer.

Tong Ku, September 19.—Li Hung Chang arrived Tuesday at Taku, where he was visited by Rear Admiral Remy and with the Russian flag captain proceeded to Tonk Ku today. He received no special honors and attracted little attention. Only Russian and Japanese officers called upon him, but later he had a long conference with Admiral Alexieff on a Russian warship.

More Disorders in China.

By cable to the Observer.

Paris September 21.—The French Consul at Canton telegraphs under date of yesterday that disorders have broken out in Gun Tai near Canton and several villages have been destroyed and others are besiged. The missionaries succeeded in escaping. The first troops sent by the viceroys proved powerless to subdue the disorder and the foreign consuls have made urgent request for the dispatch of a larger body of soldiers. The Chancellor of the French Consulate and the French Gunboat Avalanch will accompany the force.

Story of a Slave.

To be bound hand and foot for years by the chains of disease is the worst form of slavery. George D. Williams, of Manchester, Mich., tells how such a slave was made free. He says: "My wife has been so helpless for five years that she could not turn over in bed alone. After using two bottles of Electric Bitters, she is wonderfully improved and able to do her own work." This supreme remedy for female diseases quickly cures nervousness, sleeplessness, melancholy, headache, backache, fainting and dizzy spells. This miracle working medicine is a godsend to weak, sickly, rundown people. Every bottle guaranteed. Only 50 cents. Sold by B. E. Sedberry & Son, druggists.

To prevent consumption quickly cure throat and lung troubles with One Minute Cough Cure. King Bros.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure
"Digests what you eat."

THE OBSERVER.

THURSDAY.....SEPTEMBER 27, 1900

E. J HALE, Editor and Proprietor.

E. J HALE, Jr., General Business Mang'r

Established in 1825 by E. J. Hale, Sr.

FAYETTEVILLE N. C.

For President:

WILLIAM J. BRYAN,

of Nebraska.

For Vice President:

ADLAI E. STEVENSON,

of Illinois.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

ELECTORS AT LARGE.

Lee S. Overman, of Rowan.
Dan Hugh McLean, of Harnett.

DISTRICT ELECTORS.

First District—Charles L. Abernathy, of Carteret.
Second District—T. C. Wooten, of Lenoir.
Third District—Henry L. Cook, of Cumberland.
Fourth District—B. C. Beckwith, of Wake.
Fifth District—William A. Guthrie, of Durham.
Sixth District—W. C. Dowd, of Mecklenburg.
Seventh District—J. R. Blair, of Montgomery.
Eighth District—William S. Pearson, of Burke.
Ninth District—John M. Campbell, of Buncombe.

FOR CONGRESS.

First District—John H. Small, of Beaufort.
Second District—Claude Kitchin, of Halifax.
Third District—Charles R. Thomas, of Craven.
Fourth District—Edward W. Pou, of Johnston.
Fifth District—W. W. Kitchin, of Granville.
Sixth District—John D. Bellamy, of New Hanover.
Seventh District—Theodore F. Kluttz, of Rowan.
Eighth District—J. C. Buxton, of Forsyth.
Ninth District—W. T. Crawford, of Buncombe.

THE OBSERVER AND THE SENATORSHIP.

We understand that some persons have expressed surprise at the OBSERVER'S espousing the cause of Mr. Simmons in view of its controversy in Senator Vance's behalf with him and others for him in 1893. That is because they have memories seven years long and not sixteen years long. The OBSERVER had a much more serious controversy with Col. Carr in 1884; but it holds that the statute of limitations is as applicable to the one as to the other, and, as a matter of fact, the OBSERVER and both these gentlemen have long since become good friends. That is because there was nothing in either case involving the personal character of them. In fact, the controversy with or about Mr. Simmons in 1893 was in a sense a continuance of the one with Col. Carr in 1884, for they both grew out of the OBSERVER'S espousing the cause of Senator Vance as against Senator Ransom.

In 1884, Mr. Carr, when a member of the platform committee of the Chicago convention of that year, voted for Converse, the protectionist, as chairman of the committee, against Morrison, the regular Democrat and author of the Democratic caucus tariff bill of which Mr. Converse moved in the open House to strike out the enacting clause. Senator Vance thought Senator Ransom inspired this action. The OBSERVER, being in accord with Senator Vance, espoused his cause, and hence the controversy.

In 1893, Mr. Simmons, when chairman of the State Committee, sided, or appeared to do so, with Senator Ransom in his contention with Senator Vance over the appointment of a collector for the Western District of North Carolina. The OBSERVER, still being in accord with Senator Vance, espoused his cause, and hence the controversy.

Of the two causes of controversy, it will be seen that that in the case of Mr. Carr was of vastly greater consequence to the Democratic party than the other one.

But these are both things long past, and the OBSERVER is dealing with the present candidacy of these two men, who, by a curious turn of fate, are pitted against each other for the position of successor to Ransom and Vance. It understands, as we believe every one does, that the fight has really been narrowed down to these two. It finds Mr. Simmons now, for the most part, representing the Vance part of the Democratic party, and Mr. Carr now, for the most part, representing the Ransom part. The OBSERVER is still for the Vance idea, as opposed to the Ransom idea of what constitutes Democracy and Democratic duty, and therefore it naturally turns to Mr. Simmons. But its inclination becomes a mandate when it finds that the Ransom-Vance cleavage in the party represents, for the most part, the cleavage to-day between those who believe in Bryanism (which means simply Vance's Democracy), and those who accept Bryanism as only a choice of two evils (which would be Gen. Ransom's kind of Democracy if he should conclude, as he has not yet appeared to do, to support the Democratic ticket).

We gave our reasons for supporting Mr. Simmons when we announced the fact, a week ago. They were amply sufficient, we believe, for all those who sincerely believe in Mr. Bryan and the principles of the Democratic platform on which he stands. As will be seen by the cursory review given above of the OBSERVER'S course for sixteen years past in respect to the questions raised by the contest between Messrs. Simmons and Carr, the process by which it arrived at its decision as between them is a very simple and direct one. Indeed, it would have done gross violence to its consistency as a Democratic paper if it had taken any other course.

Those friends of Colonel Carr who seek to divert the issue by appealing to what the OBSERVER may have said in 1893 make a grave mistake if they press that point.

GOVERNOR JARVIS ANNOUNCES HIS CANDIDACY.

GREENVILLE, N. C.,
September 19, 1900.

To the Democratic Press and People:

I have so long enjoyed the courtesy and kindness of the Democratic Press of the State that I confidently ask the use of its columns for a word with the Democratic voters. I shall publish this letter in my home paper and I respectfully and earnestly request all Democratic papers to give it to their readers. I am so confident they will do me this favor, no matter whom they prefer, that I beg to thank them in advance.

On the 4th of March, 1901, some Democrat will take his seat as the Senator from North Carolina, in the greatest deliberative body on earth. Who that man shall be is for you to say. It is the first time in the history of our party, in this State, when you have had the opportunity of determining such a question by a direct vote, at a Primary election, held for that purpose. For one I believe in this method of indicating our party's choice for Senator; and I trust this Primary, in all its phases from start to finish, will be conducted in a manner so fair and honorable as to be free from complaint and above criticism; and that the system will commend itself to all fair minded Democrats who believe in the rule of the people. I feel a special interest in the success of this system because I believe I was the first man in the State to publicly advocate it. Since then it has grown in popular favor, 'till at the last State Convention of our party, it was adopted and ordered to be held. I therefore beg modestly to say that I would be glad to be the first Senator chosen by this method and I hereby announce myself a candidate for that high honor.

In making this announcement I am aware that I am aspiring to a high and responsible position. A Senator is not only charged with the duty of taking part in the discussions and determination of great questions of national importance, but he is a part of the treaty making power, and upon his action may depend important events in our foreign relations. There are but few fields which open up so great opportunities for labor, usefulness and honor as the Senate of the United States. I trust I properly appreciate the dignity and the importance of the position I am seeking.

I am also aware that it has been the policy of our State to choose her most experienced and best equipped men for this high position and these grave duties. The fact that these men had already held high offices was not a hindrance but a help to their selection. From this class of her distinguished citizens our State has chosen men who became great Senators and whose names we love to revere, and whose services are a part of our country's history. While I cannot hope to reach the eminence held by them I shall constantly endeavor, if chosen, to attain a position creditable to myself and honorable to my State. And may I not point to my brief service in the Senate as an earnest of my constant effort to serve my State and her people faithfully and well.

I sometimes hear it said that I have already had the party's support, and the people's honors to a remarkable degree, and that I ought to retire to private life. I acknowledge with feelings of the profoundest gratitude that I have been greatly honored, but I affirm that I have tried to be true and faithful to the public interests in every trust that has been confided to me. While the fact that I have held these positions is being urged as a reason why I have had all I deserve, may it not be said in my behalf that the training and experience I gained in them have only the better qualified me to discharge the grave duties which devolve upon a Senator.

I also hear it said that this is the day of the young Democracy. I do not understand by this that the day has come, in the history of our party, when the door of honorable reward is to be closed to those who have been faithful and true in storm and in sunshine and who have fought its battles in days of its adversity and defeat as well as in the days of its prosperity and victory. While the Democratic party always has and always will fittingly rewards its young men, it never has and never will, in my judgment, close its doors to its faithful veterans. The young worker of today will be the veteran of tomorrow and the party will, in the plentitude of its opportunities, do justice to both and fittingly reward each. If, therefore, I have ceased to belong to the young Democracy and have become one of the party's veterans, I do not believe that a generous and just people will allow me to be cast aside on that account.

If this coveted prize is to be the reward of party service then I may, I believe, ask to be allowed to enter the race. For more than a third of a century I have been in the thickest of our party's battles, and the several campaigns from 1865 to 1900 will testify to the fact that I have worked as hard for party success when I was not a candidate as when I was. Indeed I have only twice been the nominee of the party in the State at large for office, once in '76 when I was a candidate for Lieutenant Governor and in '80 I was a candidate for Governor, but there has not been a State campaign since '65 in which I did not take an active part, and do my full share of the work, except the campaigns of '86 and '88 when I was out of the country. But, if the consideration of party service is to be limited to the last two campaigns then I believe I can make a respectable showing without detracting from the services of others. In these two campaigns all did their duty, as it was given to them, from our able and faithful chairman down to the township worker—from the great dailies to the teeming weeklies—and no one man has a monopoly of the victory, our party won in its heroic and determined effort to establish and maintain good government in North Carolina.

I have not and shall not have one word to say against the worthy gentlemen who are contesting for this high honor. They have wrought well for their party and their State; and they deserve well of both. They have a right to be candidates if they desire, and I have no right to complain of them for it. We all have a common enemy whose policies tend to undermine and endanger the very foundation of this Republic, and which if not checked will in time convert it into an oligarchy, if not an empire. I shall reserve all my criticisms and denunciations for this common enemy—the Republican party.

This is the only and last word I shall have to say for myself. All the time I can spare from the duties upon which my daily support depends, will be given to speaking for Bryan and Stevenson and our candidates for the House of Representatives. While I would be glad to be chosen Senator, it is not the only thing that gives me concern. I believe that the triumph of our party in November is essential to the welfare of our country; and that the election of Bryan and Stevenson will mean the breaking of the tightening grip of the Trusts and the setting free industries and individuals now endangered by them; and the bringing back the administration of our government to the safe moorings pointed out by Washington and Jefferson.

I have no organization and I shall not try to effect one. I shall send printed tickets to our county chairmen and request them to cause these tickets to be placed, through their various committees, as other tickets are at the various precincts convenient to the voters on the day of the primary. This I am sure our county chairmen and county and township committees will cheerfully do, without any regard to their personal preferences; and I beg to tender them my thanks for this service. Having done this, the matter so far as I am concerned is with the Democratic voters. It is for them to say who shall be Senator. While I shall hold in grateful remembrance those who may say a kind word for me or take any interest, in any way, in my candidacy, I shall cherish no ill will towards those who may prefer another. I am,

Sincerely your obedient servant,
THOMAS J. JARVIS.

RALEIGH LETTER.

From Our Regular Correspondent.

RALEIGH, N. C., September 24, 1900.

Is it best for and conducive to the longevity of the Democratic party to permanently adopt the primary plan generally in making nominations for office hereafter?

Within a week I would have answered that question unhesitatingly in the affirmative. I am not now prepared to reply to it in the negative. But, in view of the unpleasant and deplorable result already reached in the Senatorial contest, because of the assaults of Democrats upon the very head and front of our own party, as witnessed in the false "charges" circulated by some against Mr. Simmons—I say it "should give us pause"!

Let us look more carefully and consider more thoroughly this proposition, after the Senatorship is settled, before we get any deeper into a "plan" which bids fair to prove a cutthroat one wherein men of the same political blood and household seek to destroy each other.

How long can a party last under such conditions, if they become general, I ask you?

THE INITIAL UNPLEASANTNESS.

The friends of Chairman Simmons have been greatly pained and shocked during the past week by the knowledge that certain persons, calling themselves "Democrats," have lately been going about the State "dropping poison," in the usual manner of the character assassin, calculated to injure Mr. Simmons personally and his candidacy for the Senatorship.

These "charges" are simply old revamped lies first put in circulation by the fusionists during the campaigns of 1898 and this summer, with not a basis of truth to rest upon, and consist mainly of the allegations that Mr. Simmons was "well paid" while serving as State Chairman in 1892-1898-1900; that he was an agent of the Southern Railway and a lobbyist, etc.

Mr. Simmons was so shocked and hurt that alleged "friends," of the same political faith and household, should have resorted to such unwarranted and dishonorable methods to injure him that he deemed it necessary to publish a card within the last few days in the daily papers, which effectually disposes of each of the "charges" and which is a model statement of the facts as they exist.

JUSTICE WILL BE DONE EACH CANDIDATE.

One of the most deplorable facts connected with the entire matter is that these assaults should have been made upon him at a time when Mr. Simmons was suffering great personal bereavement—having just lost his mother, and the life of his beloved and devoted wife hanging by a thread as she lay upon her couch of affliction in a hospital in this city.

The earnest heartfelt sympathy of thousands, who have felt the poisoned arrows of malice and the knife of the character assassin and the ingrate, will go out to this man who has been so unjustly assaulted, and a great many true Democrats will be drawn to him now more closely than ever before. And the very patent fact that the Republicans and "McKinley Pops" and all the fusionists would prefer any one to him are now working to accomplish his defeat (hoping that such "repudiation" by his own party would ruin him and kill his influence in the future forever) will make them all the more earnest and active in Mr. Simmons' behalf.

Mr. Simmons' friends could scarcely believe that any one aspiring to the Senatorship could have inspired these assaults upon him, and do not assert it. But these superserviceable friends of others who are guilty of it had better adopt a different course, or they will contribute themselves largely to the defeat of their own candidate. All of them are good men, fit for the exalted position to which they aspire, and no "mud slinging" should be indulged in by the friends of either.

Campaign Appointments.

Hon. Charles R. Thomas and Mr. H. L. Cook will address the people of Bladen county at the following times and places:

Clarkton, Saturday, September 29.
Elizabethtown, Monday, October 1st.
Dublin, Tuesday, October 2, 3 p. m.
Bladenboro, Wednesday, October 3, 3 p. m.
Colly, Thursday, October 4, 7 p. m.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers are prompt, palatable, pleasant, powerful, purifying little pills. King Bros.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

Bayan On The Issues.

Concluded.

If the criminal laws are not sufficient for the protection of property, they can be made more severe, but a citizen charged with crime must have his case tried before a jury of his peers.

The blacklist as now employed in some places enables the employer to place the employe under practical duress, for the skilled laborer loses his independence when the employers can not only discharge him, but prevent his securing any similar employment. The blacklist enables employers to secure, by mutual agreement, that control over the wage earners which a private monopoly exercises without contract.

DEMAND FOR ARBITRATION.

It Should Be Supported by the Public, Employer and Employe.

The platform renews the demand for arbitration between corporations and their employes. No one who has observed the friction which arises between great corporations and their numerous employes can doubt the wisdom of establishing an impartial court for the just and equitable settlement of disputes. The demand for arbitration ought to be supported as heartily by the public, which suffers inconvenience because of strikes and lockouts, and by the employers themselves, as by the employes. The establishment of arbitration will insure friendly relations between labor and capital, and render obsolete the growing practice of calling in the army to settle labor troubles.

I cannot too strongly emphasize the importance of the platform recommendation of the establishment of a department of labor, with a member of the cabinet at its head. When we remember how important a position the laborer fills in our economic, social and political fabric, it is hard to conceive of a valid objection being made to this recognition of his services. Agriculture is already represented in the president's official household; the army and navy have their representatives there; the state department, with its consular service, and the treasury department, with its close connection with fiscal affairs, keep the executive in touch with the business and commercial interests. A cabinet officer truly representative of the wage earning class would be of invaluable aid, not only to the toilers, but to the president.

The Chinese exclusion act has proven an advantage to the country, and its continuance and strict enforcement, as well as its extension to other similar races, are imperatively necessary. The Asiatic is so essentially different from the American that he cannot be assimilated with our population, and is, therefore, not desirable as a permanent citizen. His presence as a temporary laborer, preserving his national identity, and maintaining a foreign scale of wages and living, must ever prove an injustice to American producers, as well as a perpetual source of irritation.

THE PENSION LAWS.

They Should Be Construed According to Spirit That Prompted Passage.

The party expresses its pride in the soldiers and sailors of all our wars, and declares its purpose to deal generously with them and their dependents. A liberal policy is natural and necessary in a government which depends upon a citizen soldiery, instead of a large standing army. Self-interest, as well as gratitude, compels the government to make bountiful provision for those who, in the hour of danger, and at great sacrifice of business, health and life, tender their services to their country.

The pension laws should be construed according to the generous spirit which prompted their passage. The platform very properly reiterates the position taken in 1896, that the fact of enlistment shall be deemed conclusive evidence that the soldier was sound when the government accepted him. A certificate given now to the health of a person 40 years ago, even if easily obtainable, should not have as much weight as the certificate of the medical officer who examined the volunteer with a view of ascertaining his fitness for army service.

The Democratic party is in favor of the immediate construction, ownership and control of the Nicaragua canal by the United States. The failure of the Republican party to make any progress in carrying out a pledge contained in its platform four years ago, together with the substitution in its latest platform of a plank favoring an isthmian canal for a specific declaration in favor of the Nicaraguan canal, would indicate that the Republican leaders either do not appreciate the importance of this great waterway to the maritime strength and commercial interests of the country, or that they give too much consideration to the interested opposition of transcontinental lines. The Hays-Pauncefote treaty, now before the senate, would, if ratified, greatly lessen the value of the canal, if it would not indeed convert it into a positive menace in time of war. The paramount interests of the United States in the western hemisphere, together with the obligations to defend the republics to the south of us, makes it necessary that our government shall be able to close the canal against any hostile power.

Arizona, New Mexico and Oklahoma have long been ready to assume the responsibilities and enjoy the privileges of statehood, and it will be a pleasure, as well as a duty, to carry out the platform pledge concerning them.

There will be a popular acquiescence in the demand for home rule, and a territorial form of government in Alaska and Porto Rico. Both are entitled to local self-government and representation in congress.

ISLAND OF CUBA.

Can Its Welfare Be Intrusted to the Republican Party?

The recognition contained in both the Democratic and Republican platforms of the right of the Cubans to independence, removes the general principle involved from the domain of partisan politics. It is proper, however, to consider whether the accomplishment of this purpose can be safely entrusted to the Republican party after it has yielded to the allurements of the colonial idea, and abandoned its earlier faith in the natural and inalienable rights of man.

The time is ripe for a systematic and extended effort to reclaim the arid lands and fit them for actual settlers. The last agricultural report estimates that homes can thus be provided for many millions of people. The impounding and use of the waters which are wasted in the spring would people the western states with thrifty, intelligent and industrious citizens, and these would furnish a valuable market for all the products of the factories. A small percentage of the money spent in a war of conquest would provide occupation and habitation for more people than would ever seek a residence in colonies within the tropics.

The reasons given by Washington, Jefferson and the other statesmen of the early days in support of the doctrine that we should maintain friendly relations with all nations, but enter into entangling alliances with none, are even stronger today than they were a hundred years ago. Our commerce is rapidly increasing, and we are brought into constant communication with all parts of the world. Even if we desired to do so, we could not afford to alienate many nations by cultivating unnecessary intimacy with a few. Our strength and standing are such that it is less necessary than ever before to lean for aid upon the friendliness of a foreign power.

We cannot connect ourselves with European nations, and share in their jealousies and ambitions without losing the peculiar advantage, which our location, our character and our institutions give us in the world's affairs.

THE MONROE DOCTRINE.

It Is Absolutely Essential to the Welfare of the United States.

The dostrine enunciated by Monroe, and approved by succeeding presidents, is essential to the welfare of the United States. The continents of North and South America are dedicated to the development of free government. One republic after another has been established, until today monarchial idea has barely a foothold in the new world.

While it is not the policy of this country to interfere where amicable relations exist between European countries and their dependencies in America, our people would look with disfavor upon any attempt on the part of European governments to maintain an unwilling or forcible sovereignty over the people living on this side of the Atlantic.

The position taken by the Republican leaders, and more recently set forth by the Republican candidate for the presidency, viz.: That we cannot protect a nation from outside interference without exercising sovereignty over its people, is an assault upon the Monroe doctrine, for while this argument is at this time directed against the proposition to give to the Filipinos both independence and protection, it is equally applicable to the republics of Central and South America. If this government cannot lend its strength to another republic without making subjects of its people, then we must either withdraw our protection from the republics to the south of us or absorb them. Under the same plea, that the guardian nation must exert an authority equal to its responsibility, European nations have for centuries exploited their wards, and it is a significant fact that the Republican party should accept the European idea of a protectorate, at the same time that it adopts a European colonial policy. There is no excuse for this abandonment of the American idea. We have maintained the Monroe doctrine for three-quarters of a century. The expense to us has been practically nothing, but the protection has been beyond value to our sister republics. If a Filipino republic is erected upon the ruins of Spanish tyranny, its protection by us will be neither difficult nor expensive. No European nation would be willing for any other European nation to have the islands, neither would any European nation be willing to provoke a war with us in order to obtain possession of the islands. If we assert sovereignty over the Filipinos we will have to defend that sovereignty by force, and the Filipinos will be our enemies; if we protect them from outside interference, they will defend themselves and will be our friends. If they show as much determination in opposing the sovereignty of other nations as they have shown in opposing our sovereignty, they will not require much assistance from us.

UNFAIR TAXATION.

Matter Which Is Made the Pretext for Spending Public Money.

The Republican party, drawing as it does enormous campaign funds from those who enjoy special privileges at the hands of the government, is powerless to protect the tax payers from the attack of those who profit by large appropriations. A surplus in the treasury offers constant temptation to extravagance, and extravagance, in turn, compels a resort to new means of taxation, which is being kept in the background until the campaign is over, is a fair illustration of the imposition which will be attempted when there is a considerable amount of money idle in the treasury. The rehabilitation of the merchant marine, laudable in itself, is made the pretext for expenditure of public money for the benefit of large ship owners, and in the interests of a transportation monopoly. The government being only the agent of the people, has no right to collect from the people taxes beyond the legitimate needs of a government honestly and effectively administered, and public servants should exercise the same degree of care in the use of the people's money that private individuals do in the use of their own money. With a restoration of a foreign policy consistent with American ideas there can be an immediate and large reduction in the burdens now borne by the people.

INCOME TAX PLANK.

It Is Covered by Reaffirmation of the Chicago Platform.

By inadvertence the income tax plank agreed upon by the resolutions form as read and adopted. The subject, however, is covered by the reaffirmation of the Chicago platform, and I take this occasion to reassert my belief in the principle which underlies the income tax. Congress should have authority to levy and collect an income tax whenever necessary, and an amendment to the federal constitution specifically conferring such authority ought to be supported by even those who may think the tax unnecessary at this time In the hour of danger the government can draft the citizen; it ought to be able to draft the pocketbook as well. Unless money is more precious than blood, we can not afford to give greater protection to the incomes of the rich than to the lives of the poor.

The subjects, however, treated in this letter, important as each may seem in itself, do not press so imperatively for solution as the question which the platform declares to be the paramount issue in this campaign. Whether we shall adhere to, or abandon those ideas of government which have distinguished this nation from other nations and given to its history its peculiar charm and value, is a question the settlement of which cannot be delayed. No other question can approach it in importance; no other question demands such immediate consideration. It is easier to lose a reputation than to establish one, and this nation would find it a long and laborious task to regain its proud position among the nations, if, under the stress of temptation, it should repudiate the self-evident truths proclaimed by our heroic ancestors and sacredly treasured during a career unparalleled in the annals of time. When the doctrine that the people are the only source of power is made secure from further attack we can safely proceed to the settlement of the numerous questions which involve the domestic and economic welfare of our citizens.

Very truly yours,
W. J. BRYAN.

Seventy-first Items.

Seventy-first, Sept. 25, 1900.

Rev. William Black, of Davidson, Synodical evangelist, will conduct a series of meetings at Galatia, beginning on next Sunday, the 30th, and continuing 'till October 7th. Our people are all delighted at the prospect of having Mr. Black at our church and hope that much good may attend the services.

The plant of the Australis Manufacturing Company, located at Mr. A. D. McGill's former turpentine distillery, is now in regular operation and the results are so satisfactory that it is probable that another large plant will be located near here very soon. If any one is disposed to doubt that spirits of turpentine can be made from lightwood, we offer as corroborative evidence the fact that we have both seen and *smelled* the product, and the olfactory test is indisputable. This wood article is considered by a prominent pharmacist of your town to be more valuable for medical purposes than that made from crude turpentine; and its ready evaporation will certainly commend its use in varnish, etc.

The Galatia ball team has had a very successful season, not having suffered a single defeat this summer. Their recent game with Cumberland Mills scored another victory by twelve to eight.

Mr. Floyd Blue left yesterdy for Baltimore to take a course in pharmacy.

Mr. David Currie will go to Raeford Institute next week. Mr. Ben Ray is already a student there.

Mr. George B. Siddall, of Cleveland, Ohio, was a pleasant visitor here last week.

Mrs. Maggie Blue returned to Aberdeen yesterday, after spending several days with her mother, Mrs. Sarah Owen.

Mrs. Willie Gillis and Miss Christian Gillis attended communion services at Lumber Bridge on last Sunday.

Miss Katie Lindsay and Mr. Alex. Lindsay, are visiting relatives in Marion county, South Carolina.

SCOTCH LASSIE.

Lumber Bridge News.

Mr. Cyrus McNeill died in Georgia Sunday morning and was buried Monday evening in the burying grounds near Mr. Robert McNair's.

Mr. Jesse Brown who has been in feeble health for several years died Sunday and his remains were interred in the cemetery here yesterday. He leaves several children among whom are Mr. Dick Brown and Mrs. Pat McLean. Mr. Brown moved here several years ago from Duplin county.

Miss Nettie Love is teaching in Bladen at Mr. James Robeson's.

Miss Mamie McNeill spent a day or two this week with friends in the village.

We were glad to meet Editor D. P. McIver of the Carolina Record last week. While here he made a very practical and helpful talk to the students of the Academy.

Pays Well At Any Cost.

Wilmington Messenger.

Durham is feeling after a good sewer system as all progressive towns are doing or have done. It will have to be extensive and expensive owing to its situation. It will require, we see it stated, outlets six miles distant and in two directions. But it will pay well at any cost. A good, sufficient sewage is equivalent to saving at least five lives in every 100. It does much more than that in Augusta, Ga., and Memphis, Tenn.

W. J. Bryan Says.

"There are those who modify the commandment until it reads, 'Thou shalt not steal on a small scale.'

"The amount of stealing by law is infinitely greater in this country than the amount of stealing in violation of the law.

"The stealing done by those men who are not in the penitentiary is infinitely greater than the stealings of those who are in the penitentiaries.

"Don't say there are good trusts and bad trusts. You may say there are good kings and bad kings and thus defend monarchy.

"I don't care whether a king is good or bad. I hate a king."

Woman's Kidney Troubles

Why trifle with health when the easiest and surest help is the best known medicine in the world?

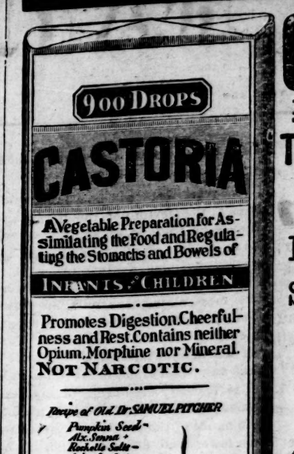
Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Is known everywhere and thousands of women have been cured of serious kidney derangements by it.

Mrs. Pinkham's methods have the endorsement of the mayor, the postmaster and others of her own city.

Her medicine has the endorsement of an unnumbered multitude of grateful women whose letters are constantly printed in this paper. Every woman should read these letters.

Mrs. Pinkham advises suffering women free of charge. Her address is Lynn, Mass.


900 DROPS
CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS & CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
NEW YORK.
35 DOSES - 35 CENTS
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Country Merchants
- Will Please Note We Have -
A MAGAZINE

And can furnish the celebrated "Western Sporting" Powder in kegs, half and quarter kegs.

We Buy Shot in Ton Lots

and can furnish you with them at lowest rates We can furnish the loaded shells at very close prices.

Remember about that Buck stove.

Your household should have one. The prices are low when cotton brings ten cents.

If you are going to do that building, remember we keep everything needed to complete a house, and

We Buy in Carload Lots.

If you buy far from home freights will make you sorry you did so when you find out, too late, that our prices are lower than your cost.

We Have a Splendid Line of Cook and Heating Stoves.

When you Want Hardware, Go to a Hardware Merchant.

You get the benefit of a specialist's judgment and do not have to pay for experience.

BUCKS HUSKE HARDWARE HOUSE

SOMETHING NEW.

We have just received a car load of new style

BUGGIES, PHAETONS and SURREYS.

We can give some valuable extras, without charge, that smaller buyers cannot afford to give.

These Goods are perfectly reliable and have been bought as cheap as the dry cash will buy them.

Come and see us at our new ware room south of store

A. E. RANKIN CO.

THE BINGHAM SCHOOL, (Established 1793.) ORANGE COUNTY, Near MEBANE, N. C.

Offers your boys a beautiful and healthy country home in Piedmont section of N. C., on the Southern R'y. Wholesome and abundant food and plenty of shade, pure water and fresh air. Faculty of seven specialists. Bible, physical culture and penmanship, specialties Thorough classical, scientific and commercial courses. Scholarships, prizes and medals. No extras, but every course for one fee Healthful sports enjoyed. For handsomely illustrated catalogue, sent free, address PRESTON LEWIS GRAY, Principal, Bingham School, Mebane, N C.

PEACE INSTITUTE AND CONSERVATORY, RALEIGH, N. C.

A thorough school of high grade for girls. In pine belt of North Carolina so famous for health.

Judge Gray of Culpeper, Va., says: "The very best female school of which I have any knowledge." Catalogue free.
JAMES DINWIDDIE, M. A., Principal.
ALFRED COWELL GOODWIN, Director.

About Miss Mary McKinnon.

We find the following in the Carolina Record about a young lady well-known and greatly admired in Fayetteville:

Miss Mary McKinnon left last Monday after spending a pleasant vacation in Red Springs, at the beach, and in visiting in Robeson, Cumberland and Scotland counties. She is Director of Music in Searcy Female Institute, Searcy, Arkansas, the position she so ably filled last year, and was re-elected with better wages and less teaching. Her many friends and admirers are glad to note that her talent and training is so highly appreciated and wish her much happiness and great success and usefulness.

The most dainty and effective pills made are DeWitt's Little Early Risers. They are unequaled for all liver and bowel troubles. Never gripe. King Bros.

Bismarck's Iron Nerve

Was the result of his splendid health. Indomitable will and tremendous energy are not found where Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Bowels are out of order. If you want these qualities and the success they bring, use Dr. King's New Life Pills. They develop every power of brain and body. Only 25c at B. R. Sedberry & Son's drug store.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure
"Digests what you eat."

The Ladies' Home Journal.

The current number of this remarkable publication is a triumph of the engraver's and printer's art. Its contents, too, are notable. Besides the usual miscellany that has done so much to introduce our countrywomen to the arts of a high civilization, the second of the intensely interesting series, "Romances of Some Southern Homes," and a striking article on Jerome Bonaparte's career in America, are among its varied attractions.

Mr. Thomas on the Campaign.

Hon. Charles R. Thomas left Saturday for Harnett county to begin regularly the fall campaign in this Congressional district. From Harnett he will go into Moore county and then into Bladen, speaking at Elizabethtown, Bladen county, during court week about October 1st.

You can spell it cough, coff, caugh kauf, kaff, kough or kaugh, but the only harmless remedy that quickly cures it is One Minute Cough Cure. King Bros.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure
"Digests what you eat."

THE OBSERVER

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., SEP. 27, 1900

We desire a live agent and correspondent at every postoffice in Cumberland and adjoining counties.

Correspondence on all subjects of local and general interest and opinions upon matters public of concern, are invited

The editor will not be responsible for the views or statements of correspondents—and reserves the right at all times to revise or correct any article he may think requires it.

Correspondence for the Weekly Observer should reach the office not later than Monday.

One side, only, of the paper must be written on—and the real name of the writer accompany the contribution. No attention will be paid to anonymous letters.

☞ The date on your label tells you when your subscription expires. Receipts for money on subscription will be given in change of date on label. If not properly changed in two weeks notify us.

INDEX TO NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

King Bros ---Young and old.
Hollingsworth & Co---5 Cent, etc.
J. A. D. Boone---Standard keeper.
H. R. Horne & Sons—Fine Cigars.
Alice J. Taylor, Executrix—Notice.
A. E. Rankin & Co---Something new.
Huske's Hardware House---Country merchants, etc.

We offer the Weekly Observer and Home and Farm, one year, for only $1 25; two papers for almost the price of one.

"Home and Farm" is one of the popular papers among the farmers. It has four departments—woman's, children's, poultry and dairy. Subscribe now.

The Sanctificationists in Y lst.

The Sanctificationists have invaded ylst and are now holding a big tent meeting on the Yadkin road, about five miles from Fayetteville. Rev. A. B. Crumpler is the leader of the movement. We had begun to think that the Sanctificationists had deserted Cumberland and that this peculiar religion had played out, but it seems that we are mistaken.

Special Offer to Our Readers.

We desire to call your attention to the special announcement made on another page of this issue, whereby we have arranged with The Press Publishing Association, of Detroit, Michigan, to enable our readers to participate in the distribution of $25,000 in cash prizes, for guessing the population of the United States for 1900. You will do us a favor by calling your friends' and neighbors' attention to this remarkable offer.

Will Be Welcomed Home.

Mr. John Baker Tillinghast has resigned his position with the Southern Railway Company in Washington city and will get home Monday next to stay. He has bargained for the Tillinghast crockery store and will soon take charge of that old establishmet.

Every one, we are sure, will be glad to have this sterling young man home again, and will wish him much success in his new business career.

A Deadly Fever.

Mr. Neill Hales, son of Mr. and Mrs. Bunyan Kales, of Rockfish township, died last week of what is known as "river fever." Only the week before his sister, Miss Margaret, died of the same disease, and two more of the children are yet dangerously ill with it. Several weeks ago Neill nursed his brother, who lives in the low lands near the river and who was ill of this fever, and after the young man got well he returned home, only to be stricken with the disease himself, and from him it spread to the whole family.

Politics at the North.

Mr. John Underwood returned Saturday from a week's stay in New York City, and is brim full of enthusiasm over Bryan's chances of election. He says that Bryan banners are strung across the streets of New York in the proportion of five to one, as compared with McKinley banners, and that the Democrats have the Republicans on the run in that State. He polled a car on the Pennsylvania R. R. and found that the Bryan men were in a majority of four, leaving out five negroes who were aboard.

The "Farmers' Dinner."

So the "Farmers' Dinner" in Flea Hill Frrday was an indignation meeting after all. There was a good gathering of Populists, from Cumberland, Sampson and Harnett. Senator Butler was introduced by Mr. Dan Culbreth, and spoke for half an hour, chiefly denouncing the election law, which he termed "as worse than the Goebel law." He did not refer to national politics.

Populist representative-elect T. E. Owens, of Samsom, spoke next and made a fiery oration, denouncing everything in sight. After the speaking a resolution was passed denouncing the late Democratic victory.

Robbery on Haymount.

Robbers entered the residence of Mrs. Small on Haymount Friday night and carried off a purse containing a small amount of money and several articles of bed clothing. It was the boldest of the many recent burglaries. They ransacked the whole of the first floor, and took the purse from a trunk in an unoccupied bed room adjoining the room where Mrs. Small and her son Haigh, who is quite ill, were sleeping with a lamp burning brightly. The robbery was not discovered until next morning.

There is good foundation for believing that the men drove to the place in a vehicle of some kind, which they left in front of a neighbor's house, and, after committing the burglary, hurried to the carriage and drove off rapidly. This was between one and two o'clock.

IT SAVED HIS LEG.

P. A. Danforth, of LaGrange, Ga., suffered intensely for six months with a frightful running sore on his leg, but writes that Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured it in ten days. For Ulcers, Wounds, Burns, Boils, Pain or Piles it's the best salve in the world. Cure guaranteed. Only 25c. Sold by B. E. Sedberry & Sons, druggists.

Death of Mr. B. R. Taylor.

The sad news was received here last Friday by telegraph of the death at midnight of Mr. B. R. Taylor, who had been for some time under treatment at a private sanitarium in the vicinity of Baltimore.

Mr. Taylor was the second son of the late Philemon Taylor, and was for years closely indentified with the business interests of Fayetteville. He served his fellow citizens for several terms as a member of the board of aldermen, and was for a long time city tax collector, bringing to the performance of all his public duties the caution, integrity and ripeness of judgment which contributed so largely to his success in private affairs.

Latterly he has been associated in business at Jacksonville, Onslow county, and at Benson with his brother-in-law, Mr. A. H. Slocomb, president of the chamber of commerce, who is now in Italy, besides carrying on a model cotton and fruit farm in the suburbs of the city. The remains of the deceased reached here by the south bound train over the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Saturday afternoon.

Col. W. S. Cook was with Mr. Taylor when he died and accompanied his remains home.

Mr. Taylor married Miss Alice Deming, who survives him, with three children, Paul, Harriet and James, to whom the heartfelt sympathies of the OBSERVER are tendered.

The Funeral of Mr. Taylor.

The remains of the late Mr. B. R. Taylor arrived here Saturday afternoon from Baltimore, accompanied by Col. W. S. Cook. The funeral services were held at the residence, Revs. H. Tucker Graham, pastor of the Presbyterian church, and S. J. Porter, pastor of the Baptist church, officiating.

The Board of Aldermen and all the City officials, and more than a hundred members of Cumberland Lodge Knights of Pythias, were present in a body and formed the neuclus of a large body of all classes of citizens which escorted the remains to the New Cemetery and gathered around the grave to pay the last earthly honors to this well known citizen. There were many beautiful floral tributes, conspicuous among which was the City's offering: a lovely shield white of flowers surmounted by a dove.

The following were the pall-bearers:

Active—Messrs. W. S. Cook, J. D. Brown, Ralph Jessup, W. L. Hawley, D. H. Ray, A. Garrason, N. B. Alexander, J. B. Smith.

Honorary—Messrs. W. A. Robeson, B. G. Hollingsworth, Charles Haigh, J. B. Starr.

A Fine Start with the Club.

Last week the Bryan and Stevenson Club was inaugurated by a body of representative Democrats.

E. J. Hale was elected President, John Underwood, Vice President, D. T. Oates, Secretary; and Isaac A. Murchison, Treasurer.

On Motion of H. L. Cook, the regular meetings of the Club were ordered for Friday of each week. On motion of H. McD. Robinson, Elector H. L. Cook was invited to address the next meeting of the Club (September 28:h).

On motion of I. A. Murchison, it was resolved to invite Chairman Simmons to address the Club at such time as may suit his convenience.

On motion of S. H. MacRae, it was resolved to invite Col. Waddell to address the Club. Similar action was taken, on motion of Geo. A. Burns, in respect to General J. S. Carr; and, on motion of H. McD. Robinson, in respect to ex-Governor Jarvis.

The President was empowered to give credentials to delegates to the great club meeting at Raleigh next week, and to the National club convention at Indianapolis next month.

The Secretary was instructed to notify President Hearst, of the national organization, of the organization of this club; to remit the fee required for membership in the national organization; and otherwise to comply with the requirements of said organization in this relation.

The Club starts off in fine form and spirits.

Democratic Executive Committee Called To Meet.

County Chairman Cook has called a meeting of the county Democratic Executive Committee to meet October 4th to appoint poll-holders for Senatorial primary and to transact other important business. Mr. Cook says some precincts have never sent in the new list of precinct committeemen and he is using the old precinct chairmen as the county committee. He requests a list from every precinct, showing the chairman of each, as the latter make up the county committee.

Sub-Elector.

At a recent conference of the nominees for Congress and Presdential electors at Raleigh it was resolved that the county chairmen of the various counties appoint a sub-elector for each county.

County Chairman H. L. Cook has appointed Mr. Isaac A. Murchison as sub-elector for Cumberland county. Mr. Murchison has accepted the appointment. His duties are to canvass the county by precincts for Bryan and Stevenson. Mr. Murchison will soon announce a list of appointments. Chairman Cook is much gratified that Mr. Murchison has accepted, as he feels that it is a very essential work, and that Mr. Murchison will do it thoroughly and well.

Large sun spots, astronomers say, caused the extreme heat this summer, and doctors declare nearly all the prostrations were induced by disorders of the stomach. Good health follows good digestion. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests what you eat. If you have indigestion or dyspepsia it will quickly relieve and permanently cure you. King Bros.

From Tuesday's Daily.

THE SUPERIOR COURT IN SESSION.

Several Divorce Cases—A Sensational Case.

The superior court of Cumberland county, which Sheriff Burns convened yesterday and adjourned until ten o'clock this morning, the Judge being unable to reach here yesterday, met at the time appointed with Judge George H. Brown presiding. The calendar only covers two days—Monday and Tuesday—so the cases set apart for Monday will be taken up on Wednesday.

The calendar for today was:

24 Leiberman Myers, et al vs. H. R. Novitzky, et al.
26 J. P. Seawell vs. Owen Priest.
36 S. B Lee vs. J. S. Benson.
38 Eli Smith vs. George H. Hall.
42 E. J. House & Co. vs. J. S. Benson, et al.
46 W. M. Saunders vs. Hiram Williams, et al.
78 Henry Bullock vs. Sarah E. Bullock.
80 J. D. Williams vs. Chester Lee.
95 William Hatcher, et al vs. Ben Hatcher, et al.
98 Daniel McKeithan, Administrator vs. S. J. Cameron.
102 J. A. Rogers vs. Fortune Owens.
106 Charles H. Albright vs. Jennie M. Albright.
107 J. M. Hall vs. Matilda Hall.
108 J. T. Bell vs. A. D. Newberry, et al.
109 Carrie L. Tyner vs. W. T. Tyner.
101 D. T. Oates, Administrator vs. Mary Gill, et al.
111 C. B. Autry vs. Dr. E. Floyd.
112 Archie Turner vs. Maggie Turner.

Nos. 24, 102, 106, 111 and 112 are open for trial this afternoon. Nos. 26, 36, 38, 42, 46, 80 and 98 were continued to next term.

In No. 78, the suit for divorce, Henry Bullock against his wife, Sarah Bullock, was abated, as the defendant has since died. In 95, William Hatcher, et al vs. Ben Hatcher, et al, a non suit was entered. In case No. 107, J. M. Hall vs. Matilda Hall, the former was granted a divorce. Case 110, D. T. Oates, administrator, vs. Mary Gill, was on trial at the dinner recess. Cases No. 78, 106, 107, 109 and 112, are suits for divorce.

On the calendar for tomorrow there are two more divorce cases, making seven in all.

The most important case set for trial at this term is on the calendar for tomorrow, Volley Edwards, vs. W. & W. Railroad Company. This case is one of the most sensational civil cases probably ever set for trial in Cumberland county. The plaintiff alleges that while he was riding on one of the defendant's trains, on his way from Washington to Wilmington and somewhere between Wilson and Fayetteville, he was knocked senseless with a billet of wood by the negro porter in the presence of the conductor, and that the conductor rifled his pockets of $800. He further alleges that he was to have changed cars at Wilson, but passed that station, and when he regained consciousness he was lying on the platform at Florence with a bad gash on his head. He says that he did not know personally who struck or robbed him, but that he has four men who were passengers in the same car who will testify to the above allegations. The plaintiff places his damages at $25,000.

The conductor in question is one of the most popular on the Coast Line system, and his friends and the railroad scout at the charges against him.

(*From Wednesday's Daily.*)

The superior court met at 10 o'clock this morning. The cases set for trial today are:

33 James D. McNeill vs. L. E. Fairley, et al.
57 Thomas Ward vs. C. L. Russell.
58 Rufus Smith vs. Sallie Smith.
70 G. Herbert Melvin vs. Katie W. Melvin.
74 Edmond Elliott vs. Harvey Bunce.
76 Volley Edwards vs. W. & W. Rail road Company.
89 Harvey Bunce vs. Edmond Elliott.
90 John S. Maultsby vs. W. S. Maults by.
91 J. L. Greenbaum & Co. vs. Maults by & Maultsby, et al.
96 James Pearsall vs. Nielll McNair.
99 W. J McDonald vs. S. B. Talbot.
100 D. P. McEacherr, Administrator vs. Laura Ray, Executrix et al.

Of the above case the following were disposed of this morning: J. D. McNeill vs. L. E. Fairley, judgment in favor of plaintiff. Thomas Ward vs. C. L. Russell, mistrial. Rufus Smith vs. Sallie Smith for divorce, non suit, the parties having made up. Edmond Elliott vs. Harvey Bunce, verdict in favor of defendant.

The case of Volley Edwards vs. W & W. Railroad Company was set for trial this afternoon.

Immediately after the dinner recess the Volley Edwards case against the W. & W. Railroad Company for $25,000 was taken up. Edwards did not put in an appearance and the case was at once dismissed. Edwards should be made to answer for the grave charges that he made in his complaint, as his failure to appear without excuse may well be taken as an admission of their falsity.

News of Interest.

The torpedo boat Worth Bagley is launched at Bath, Me.

The jury in the case of Jim Howard, charged with the murder of Goebel, report inability to agree. It will probably be discharged to day.

There are seventeen foreign steamships at Galeston awaiting cargoes, and business is being resumed.

Germany has news of an alarming nature from China which she will not make public at present. There are reports of a preparation for a general uprising.

Poisonous toadstools resembling mushrooms have caused frequent deaths this year. Be sure to use only the genuine. Observe the same care when you ask for DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. There are poisonous counterfeits. DeWitt's is the only original Witch Hazel Salve. It is a safe and certain cure for piles and all skin diseases. King Bros.

A. B. WILLIAMS, COTTON BUYER,
HAY STREET,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

FAYETTEVILLE MARKETS
REVISED DAILY.

COTTON	
Good Middling, new cotton	10
Strict Middling	9¾
Middling	9¾

NAVAL STORES	
Spirits	34
Common Rosin	1 10
Virgin	2 20
Yellow Dip	2 20
Hard	1 20

PRODUCE
REPORTED BY A. S. HUSKE, GROCER.

Flour—1st pat., sack,	$2.40@$3.65
Family Flour—2nd pat., sack	$2.00@2.30
Hides—dry—per lb.	8@10
" —green—per lb.	6
Wool—washed	15@20
Bacon—hog round per lb	10
" —ham	13
" —sides—	11
" —shoulders—	10
Oats—32 lbs per bushel	35@40
Peas—clay	75
" —mixed	75 a 85
" —white,	75@85
Meal—bolted—46 lbs per bushel	57½@65
" —unbolted—48 lbs per bushel	55@60
Corn—old—56 lbs per bushel	60 a 65
Lard—N. C.	10@11
Tallow	4a5
Ducks	20@25
Hens—per head	22@25
Roosters—per head	20 a 22
Turkeys—per lb	8a9
Guineas	none
Geese	25 a 30
Country Butter	15@25
Honey—strained—per lb	7
Eggs,	16 a 17
Feathers—new	35 a 40
Potatoes—Irish	75 a 90
Pork	5@6
Shucks	60c
Fodder	$1.10

5 CENT
Embroidery and Insertion,
—THURSDAY AND FRIDAY.—
We will sell any piece in house 5c. choice.
HOLLINGSWORTH & CO.

YOUNG AND OLD.

We none of us live so carefully that we never require the aid of drugs and medicines to put us right.

It's a comfort to know where you can get them PURE at popular prices.

We are not modest about these points—we can give you what you want.

King Bro.'s, Druggists,
Hotel LaFayette Building.

FINE CIGARS
FROM
Leading American Manufacturers:

PREFERRED STOCK, CINCO, SABOROSA, CHASE, CAPADURA, LA FLOR de FREEMAN, AD VALOREM, 1811, WHITE KNIGHT, KEY WEST, PAREPA ROSA, LA FLOR ESPECIAL, LA FLOR de TAMPA, ETC.

H. R. Horne & Sons.

For Sale.

A LIGHT EASY-RUNNING BUGGY. Apply to J. R. VANN, Market.

Wanted.

10 girls and boys can find profitable employment at once by applying to LAFAYETTE KNITTING MILL CO. Sept. 19 2t

Notice

Having qualified as Executrix of B. R. Taylar, deceased, late of Cumberland county, N. C., this is to notify all persons having claims against the estate of said deceased to exhibit them to the undersigned on or before the 25th day of September 1901, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment. This the 25th day of September 1900.

ALICE J. TAYLOR,
Executrix.

Standard Keeper

Standard Keeper's Office, Fayetteville, N. C.

Having been elected Standard Keeper for Cumberland county, I wish to inform all persons using scales or measures for buying and selling, which have not been tested in two years, are liable to indictment (by any one so disposed) and fined for each day so used. Any one having such should have them tested at once. Any one having scales out of repair and useless can possibly save the expense of buying new ones by bringing them to me and having them repaired, as scales are often laid aside for want of proper adjustment and repair. Office at my photo gallery.

Respectfully,
J. A. D. BOONE, Standard Keeper.

COUNTRYMEN!

Your patronage is solicited by

R. A. MELVIN, Fayetteville.

All kinds of produce bought at market prices. Bring in to me your Bacon, Lard, Chickens, Eggs, &c.

I want your produce and you want, besides cash, groceries, such as Sugar, Coffee, Molasses, Flour, &c. In fact, I sell everything in the grocery line. Flour from $4.00 per barrel up. Nice line of cheese (full cream) at 15 cents a pound.

I OFFER TO SELL GOODS
AS LOW AS THE LOWEST.

Give me a trial.

R. A. MELVIN,
N. E. Corner Market Square,
Fayetteville, N. C.

The Best Bed on Earth.

DON'T BE DECEIVED!

The great success of our

ROYAL ELASTIC FELT MATTRESS,

which is due to its merit, and also our vigorous advertising has caused others to put mattresses on the market, which they are offering for less money and claiming they are "just as good as the Royal Elastic Felt." Don't be deceived by same. We emphatically deny that they are "just as good," and are ready at any time to compare ours with others. If your local dealer does not handle them write us direct for descriptive pamphlet.

ROYALL & BORDEN,
Sole Manufacturers,
GOLDSBORO, N. C.

A new Private Hospital, just opened for the treatment of Medical, Surgical and Gynecological diseases of all kinds. New building with all modern conveniences—heating, lighting, ventilation, drainage, perfect; elevator; hot and cold baths on every floor. Best equipped operating room. Most modern hospital furniture. Experienced trained nurses and matron. Terms moderate. Address

DRS. MARSH & HIGHSMITH,
Fayetteville, N. C.

VIRTUE HATH ITS OWN REWARD,

and so has caution and foresightedness. There is nothing that causes so much regret as having your hindsight better than your foresight, and seeing the advantages of fire insurance after your home or property has been destroyed, without a cent to cover your loss. Insure in time with us, and you will thank us for this tip.

LIFE, FIRE AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE AND BONDS ISSUED.

NIMOCKS & COOK,
General Insurance Agents,
10 Hay st., Fayetteville, N. C.
(Phone 56.)

LOOK OUT FOR THE COLD WEATHER
—AND—
Get Your Heaters Ready.

We will in the next few days have on our floor a big line of COAL and WOOD air-tight Heaters. The Excelsior with cast mountings, Wilson Improved, King and Cold-Wave Heaters.

Don't Purchase Before Looking Over Our Stock

as we have added a new line and can't fail to suit you in quality and price.

We furnish cuts and prices by mail and can fill all orders promptly.

Cooking Stoves and Ranges.

We have a fine line which will be sold at close figures. Persons having old stoves can exchange in buying new ones. Don't throw your old stove away. We have a place for it.

Pumps.

Douglas, Pittsburg, Gould's, Myers and all kinds of Force and Lift Pumps and many others.

Country Holloware.

A lot of Crockery and Glassware left, which will go off at a bargain. Lamps, Cutlery and Tinware.

McMILLAN BROS.

WHEN IN DOUBT

buy PERFECTION and you will make no mistake. Others tell you theirs is "just as good," but why take chances? In buying PERFECTION you get the *best* and *cheapest* Flour sold in Fayetteville.

Do you need a NEW Wagon?

If so we can supply you with a MILBURN, FLORENCE or RUSSELL, two-horse and single-horse or cart, any width tire desired. A twelve months guarantee goes with each, payable in monthly instalments if desired. A full line of Wagon and Buggy Harness and Saddlery—latest and newest patterns.

Cotton Balances, Scales and Steelyards. Cotton Bagging and Ties, new and second-hand.

All Sorts Staple Groceries.

Our friends in town and in the country will find us "always ready" to meet their wants, whether large or small. Anticipating a large Fall trade we have enlarged our Stocks, and challenge a comparison of values and prices when you are ready to buy.

Q. K. NIMOCKS,
'Phone 56. Wholesale and Retail Grocer, 10 Hay street, Fayetteville, N. C.

FURNITURE! FURNITURE!

It is not my intention to sell my Furniture by large attractive advertisements. I simply drop in an advertisement to remind you that

"The Old Reliable Newberry Furniture House"

is the place to get all kind of new, latest designed Furniture at the very lowest prices. I invite you to call when you are wanting anything in my line, and I feel sure that the prices and quality will sell the goods.

C. B. NEWBERRY.

SCHOOL BOOKS!
(New and Second-hand) just received.

A full and complete line of Tablets, Note Books, Composition Books, Spelling Tablets, Slates, Pencils, Crayon, Inks, &c., &c., at the lowest prices

Also a fine line of Blank Books, Check, Note and Draft Books, and everything usually kept in an up-to-date book store.

TOYS OF ALL KINDS.

Archerevin Combination Board Game. Agents for Wall Paper.

Send us Your subscription for Ladies' Home Journal and other Magazines.

THE NEW BOOK STORE CO.,
MISS DELLA MATTHEWS. Next door to Horne's drug store. MRS M. HINSDALE.

Important to Cotton Farmers.

Fayetteville, N. C., Sept. 11, 1900.

The cotton crop of the present season having been greatly cut off by drought, and the crop of old cotton carried over brought the smallest prices known for years, the prospect for an advance in price appears to be good. To enable producers to hold their cotton and share in the expected advance in price,

The Fayetteville Compress And Storage Company

will store cotton from actual producers on the following terms, viz: For first month 15c per bale, and for all subsequent months or parts thereof for 12½ per bale, and if on storage for eight months for the round charge of $1 per bale. These charges cover all expenses to the owner, including insurance. Our warehouse is bonded and all cotton is protected by insurance as soon as placed in our hands.

To such as require advance on their crops, we are able to say that the Bank of Fayetteville will advance three-fourths market price of all cotton stored with us at an annual interest of six per cent. on deposit of our certificates as collateral security.

Fayetteville Compress and Storage Co.

W. S. COOK, PRESIDENT.
A. A. MCKETHAN, TREASURER.
J. D. BROWN, STORE-KEEPER.

FARMERS
—OF—
CUMBERLAND COUNTY:

We offer you superior facilities for Ginning your Cotton this season, as we have recently erected a

NEW 3-70 SAW Munger-system Ginnery,

consisting of Double Box Press with steam tramper, Suction Elevators, etc. Cotton taken directly from wagon, distributed to gins, baled and

DELIVERED IN ABOUT FIFTEEN MINUTES,

thus doing away with the long and tedious waiting necessary at our old ginnery.

TOLL $1.25 A BALE.

Bales weighing over 505 pounds 15 cents additional.

Bagging and Ties as low as charged at any other first-class gin.

A reduction of 10 cents per bale will be allowed to any customer who may wish to deliver his own cotton.

We guarantee perfect satisfaction in every way, and will endeavor to merit your continued and increased patronage.

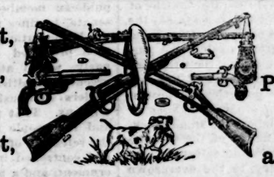
We will, as usual, be in the market for Cotton Seed and will, at al times pay highest market price for same.

Fayetteville Cotton Oil and Fertilizer Co.

August 1900.

Walter Watson,
GUNMAKER
and dealer in
FIRE ARMS.

Parker, Colt, Remington, Westle, W. & C. Scott, Richards, Peter Weble and Premier



Shot Guns and Repeating Rifles.

Colt, Remington, Smith & Wesson, Harrington & Richards and Forehand Arms Co. Revolvers.

Paper and Brass Shot Shells, Pistol and Rifle Cartridges, Loaded Shells, Keystone B. L. Implements, Hunting Coats, Hunting Vests, Leggings, Gun Cases. Belts, Leather and Canvas Cartridge Bags.

Gun and Rifle Powder direct from the Magazine and Shot from the Factory.

Send for catalogue and price-list of the above goods.

WALTER WATSON, Fayetteville, N. C.

Save Your Money.

One box of Tutt's Pills will save many dollars in doctors' bills. They will surely cure all diseases of the stomach, liver or bowels.

No Reckless Assertion

For sick headache, dyspepsia, malaria, constipation and biliousness, a million people endorse

TUTT'S Liver PILLS

BRYAN ON THE ISSUES

Text of His Letter Accepting the Democratic Nomination for President.

APPRECIATES THE GREAT HONOR

Indorses and Approves the Platform Adopted by the Convention at Kansas City.

Gives His Views Upon the Question of Trusts, the Labor Problem and Other Subject.

William Jennings Bryan's letter accepting the Democratic nomination for president of the United States is as follows:

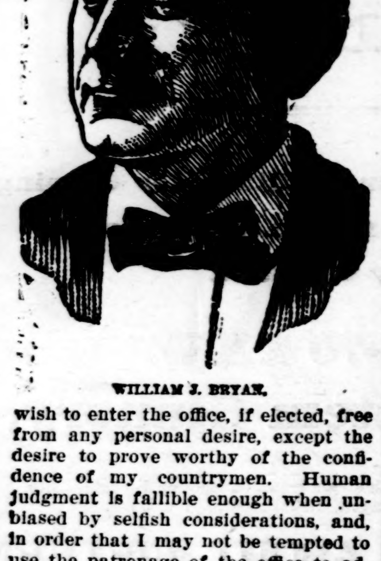
Hon. James D. Richardson, Chairman, and Others of the Notification Committee of the Democratic National Convention:

Gentlemen:—In accepting the nomination tendered by you on behalf of the Democratic party, I beg to assure you of my appreciation of the great honor conferred on me by the delegates in convention assembled, and by the voters who gave instruction to the delegates.

I am sensible of the responsibilities which rest upon the chief magistrate of so great a nation, and realize the far-reaching effect of the questions involved in the present contest.

In my letter of acceptance of 1896 I made the following pledge:

"So deeply am I impressed with the magnitude of the power vested by the Constitution in the chief executive of the nation and with the enormous influence which he can yield for the benefit or injury of the people, that I



WILLIAM J. BRYAN.

wish to enter the office, if elected, free from any personal desire, except the desire to prove worthy of the confidence of my countrymen. Human judgment is fallible enough when unbiased by selfish considerations, and, in order that I may not be tempted to use the patronage of the office to advance any personal ambition, I hereby announce, with all the emphasis which words can express, my fixed determination not, under any circumstances, to be a candidate for re-election, in case this campaign results in my election."

Further reflection and observation constrain me to renew this pledge.

The platform adopted at Kansas City commands my cordial and unqualified approval. It courageously meets the issues now before the country, and states clearly and without ambiguity the party's position on every question considered. Adopted by a convention which assembled on the anniversary of the signing of the Declaration of Independence, it breathes the spirit of candor, independence and patriotism which characterizes those who, at Philadelphia in 1776, promulgated the creed of the Republic.

Having in my notification speech, discussed somewhat at length the paramount issue, imperialism, and added some observations on militarism and the Boer war, it is sufficient at this time to review the remaining planks of the platform.

THE TRUST QUESTION.

Republican Party Lacks Either Desire or Ability to Deal with It.

The platform very properly gives prominence to the trust question. The appalling growth of combinations in restraint of trade during the present administration, proves conclusively that the Republican party lacks either the desire or the ability to deal with the question effectively. If as may be fairly assumed from the speeches and conduct of the Republican leaders, that party does not intend to take the people's side against these organizations, then the weak and qualified condemnation of trusts to be found in the Republican platform is designed to distract attention while industrial despotism is completing its work. A private monopoly has always been an outlaw. No defense can be made of an industrial system in which one, or a few men, can control for their own profit, the output or price of any article of merchandise. Under such a system the consumer suffers extortion, the producer of raw material has but one purchaser, and must sell at the arbitrary price fixed; the laborer has but one employer, and is powerless to protest against injustice, either in wages or in conditions of labor; the small stockholder is at the mercy of the speculator, while the traveling salesman contributes his salary to the overgrown profits of the trust. Since but a small proportion of the people can share in the advantages secured by private monopoly, it follows that the remainder of the people are not only excluded from the benefits, but are the helpless victims of every monopoly organized. It is difficult to over-estimate the immediate injustice that may be done. or to calculate the ultimate effect of this injustice upon the social and political welfare of the people. Our platform, after suggesting certain specific remedies, pledges the party to an unceasing warfare against private monopoly in nation, state and city. I heartily approve of this promise; if elected, it shall be my earnest and constant endeavor to fulfill the promise in letter and spirit. I shall select an attorney general who will, without fear or favor, enforce existing laws; I shall recommend such additional legislation as may be necessary to dissolve every private monopoly which does business outside of the state of its origin; and, if contrary to my belief and hope, a constitutional amendment is found to be necessary, I shall recommend such an amendment as will, without impairing any of the existing rights of the states, empower congress to protect the people of all the states from injury at the hands of individuals or corporations engaged in interstate commerce.

The platform accurately describes the Dingley tariff law, while it condemns it as a "trust breeding measure, skillfully devised to give to the few favors which they do not deserve, and to place upon the many burdens which they should not bear." Under its operation trusts can plunder the people of the United States, while they successfully compete in foreign markets with manufacturers of other countries. Even those who justify the general policy of protection will find it difficult to defend a tariff which enables a trust to exact an exorbitant toll from the citizen.

CORPORATIONS IN POLITICS.

Democratic Party Makes No War on Honestly Acquired Wealth.

The Democratic party makes no war upon honestly acquired wealth; neither does it seek to embarrass corporations engaged in legitimate business, but it does protest against corporations entering politics, and attempting to assume control of the instrumentalities of government. A corporation is not organized for political purposes, and should be compelled to confine itself to the business described in its charter. Honest corporations, engaged in an honest business, will find it to their advantage to aid in the enactment of such legislation as will protect them from the undeserved odium which will be brought upon them by those corporations which enter the political arena.

The Republican party has persistently refused to comply with the urgent request of the interstate commerce commission, for such an enlargement of the scope of the interstate commerce law as will enable the commission to realize the hopes aroused by its creation. The Democratic party is pledged to legislation which will empower the commission to protect individuals and communities from discrimination, and the public at large from unjust and unfair transportation rates.

THE FINANCIAL PLANK.

Demand Contained in the Chicago Platform Reiterated.

The platform reiterates the demand contained in the Chicago platform for an American financial system made by the American people for themselves. The purpose of such a system is to restore and maintain a bimetallic level of prices, and in order that there may be no uncertainty as to the method of restoring bimetallism, the specific declaration in favor of free and unlimited coinage at the existing ratio of 16 to 1, independent of the action of other nations, is repeated. In 1896 the Republican party recognized the necessity for bimetallism by pledging the party to an earnest effort to secure an international agreement for the free coinage of silver, and the president immediately after his inauguration, by authority of congress, appointed a commission composed of distinguished citizens to visit Europe and solicit foreign aid. Secretary Hay, in a letter written to Lord Aldenham in November, 1898, and afterwards published in England, declared that at that time the president and a majority of his cabinet still believed in the great desirability of an international agreement for the restoration of the double standard, but that it did not seem opportune to reopen the negotiations just then. The financial law enacted less than a year ago contains a concluding section declaring that the measure was not intended to stand in the way of the restoration of bimetallism, whenever it could be done by co-operation with other nations. The platform submitted to the last Republican convention with the indorsement of the administration again suggested the possibility of securing foreign aid in restoring silver.

Now the Republican party, for the first time, openly abandons its advocacy of the double standard, and indorses the monetary system which it has so often and so emphatically condemned. The Democratic party, on the contrary, remains the steadfast advocate of the gold and silver coinage of the constitution, and is not willing that other nations shall determine for us the time and manner of restoring silver to its ancient place as a standard money. The ratio of 16 to 1 is not only the ratio now existing between all the gold and silver dollars in circulation in this country, a ratio which even the Republican administration has not attempted to change, but it is the only ratio advocated by those who are seeking to re-open the mints. Whether the senate, now hostile to bimetallism, can be changed during this campaign or the campaign of 1902 can only be determined after the votes are counted, but neither the present nor the future political complexion of congress has prevented or should prevent an announcement of the party's position upon this subject in unequivocal terms.

The currency bill, which received the sanction of the executive and the Republican members of the house and senate, justifies the warning given by the Democratic party in 1896. It was then predicted that the Republican party would attempt to retire the greenbacks, although the party and its leaders studiously concealed their intentions. That purpose is now plain and the people must choose between the retention of the greenbacks, issued and controlled in volume by the government, and a national banknote currency issued by banks and controlled in their own interests. If the national banknotes are to be secured by bonds, the currency system now supported by the Republican party involves a permanent and increasing debt, and, so long as this system stands, the financial classes will be tempted to throw their powerful influence upon the side of any measure which will contribute to the size and permanency of a national debt. It is hardly conceivable that the American people will deliberately turn from the debt-paying policy of the past, to the dangerous doctrine of perpetual bonds.

POPULAR ELECTION OF SENATORS

Demand Appears First Time in Democratic National Platform.

The demand for a constitutional amendment providing for the election of senators by direct vote of the people, appears for the first time in a Democratic national platform, but a resolution proposing such an amendment, has three times passed the house of representatives, and that, too, practically without opposition. Whatever may have been the reasons which secured the adoption of the present plan, a century ago, new conditions have made it imperative that the people be permitted to speak directly in the selection of their representatives in the senate. A senator is no less the representative of the state because he receives his commission from the people themselves, rather than from the members of the state legislature. If a voter is competent to vote for a member of congress, for state officers and for president, he is competent to choose his representative in the senate. A system which makes the senator responsible for his election to the people, as a whole, and amenable to them if he misrepresents them, must commend itself to those who have confidence in the intelligence and patriotism of the masses.

The platform indorses the principle of direct legislation. This is already applied to the more important questions in nation, state and city. It rests upon the sound theory that the people can be trusted, and that the more responsive the government is to the will of the people, the more free it will be from misuse and abuse.

THE LABOR QUESTION.

Abolition of Government by Injunction Is Necessary.

Several planks of the labor platform are devoted to questions in which the laboring classes have an immediate interest, but which more remotely effect our entire population. While what is generally known as government by injunction is at present directed chiefly against the employes of corporations, when there is a disagreement between them and their employer, it involves a principle which concerns every one. The purpose of the injunction in such cases is to substitute trial by judge for trial by jury, and is a covert blow at the jury system. The abolition of government by injunction is as necessary for the protection of the reputation of the court, as it is for the security of the citizen. Blackstone in defending trial by jury, says:

"The impartial administration of justice, which secures both our persons and our properties is the great end of civil society, but if that be entrusted entirely to the magistracy, a select body of men, and those selected by the prince such as enjoy the highest offices of the state, their decisions in spite of their natural integrity, will have frequently an involuntary bias toward those of their own rank, and dignity. It is not to be expected from human nature that the few would be always attentive to the interests and good of the many."

Continued on 2d page.

Mr. Cook's Appointments.

Hon. Charles R. Thomas and Mr. H. L. Cook, Democratic nominee for Presidential elector, will address the people of Bladen county at the following times and places:

Elizabethtown, Monday, October 1st.

Dublin, Tuesday, October 2, 3 p. m.

Bladenboro, Wednesday, October 3, 3 p. m.

Colly, Thursday, October 4, 7 p. m.

Mr. H. L. Cook will speak as follows in Jones county:

Pollocksville, Tuesday, October 9th, 12 m.

Trenton, Tuesday night, October 9th, 8:30 p. m.

Haskins' Chapel, Wednesday, October 10th, 12 m.

Rhodes' store, Thursday, October 11th, 12 m.

DUPLIN COUNTY.

Chinquepin, Tuesday, October 16th.

Wallace, Wednesday, October 17th.

Rose Hill, Thursday, October 18th.

Appointments for Onslow, Sampson, Harnett, Moore, Craven and Cumberland counties will be announced later.

The Republican nominee, Mr. R. S. White, of Elizabethtown, declines a joint canvass with Mr. Cook.

The Three Piscatorialists.

The Wilmington Messenger of Wednesday says:

Mr. J. A. Scarborough has returned from Morehead City, where he went to have a week's fish with his piscatorial friends, Mr. S. H. Cotten, of Hope Mills, and Mr. A. J. Crampton, of Charlotte. He says they found the hotel and boat service good, but the fishing could not compare to that to be had about Southport. The party would go out every morning at 6 o'clock and stay till 6 to 8 p. m., but the fish were small and scarce. He says the yarns told by S. H. and A. J. were the biggest things he heard of while he was away, and he is somewhat of a yarnster himself.

Can We Not Have Lights?

We are glad to notice, in the proceedings of the Board of Aldermen, that Mr. Bash's proposition to light the streets with his beautiful Welsbachs is again being considered. We suppose no community of this size in the civilized world has gone so long without lights. So great are our natural advantages that we verily believe that, if the lights had not suddenly gone out on completion of the Short Cut in 1893, we should now be a city of 15,000 in inhabitants at least. Until Mr. Morgan's electric lighting is available by all means let us have the next best thing.

The progressive nations of the world are the great food consuming nations. Good food well digested gives strength. If you cannot digest all you eat, you need Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. It digests what you eat. You need not diet yourself. It contains all of the digestants combined with the best known tonics and reconstructives. It will even digest all classes of food in a bottle. No other preparation will do this. It instantly relieves and quickly cures all stomach troubles.

King Bros.

MEETING OF THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE DIRECTORS.

Important Matters Discussed.

Tuesday afternoon the directors of the chamber of commerce met at the office of F. R. Rose, secretary. There were present Messrs. W. L. Holt, E. J. Hale, H. R. Horne, H. W. Lilly, H. Lutterloh, H. C. Bash and George Overbaugh. In the absence of President A. H. Slocomb, who is still abroad, Mr. W. L. Holt called the meeting to order and presided.

The secretary was called on for a report of the present status of the River improvement scheme. The bill, which had been reinstated and pushed through Congress the last forty-eight hours of its session, provided that the surveying of the River should be left discretionary with the Engineering Department in this district. A paper had been prepared, addressed to the chief engineer, Capt. Lucas, setting forth various reasons why the survey should be made, for the best interest of a large section of the State. This paper was published, and the survey was entered upon and is now about completed. When the final bill for the work is presented to the coming Congress, it is believed that this survey, with its maps and instruction and other information showing the feasibility and the importance of the scheme, will cause a liberal appropriation to be granted. The importance to Fayetteville of this great work when completed cannot be overestimated.

Some encouraging information in reference to the early development of electric power to run our mills and light our streets was elicited.

It was stated that the project of a high grade school for boys, to be located in the buildings of the Donaldson Academy, which had been the subject of correspondence with the Rev. Dr. Shearer, of Davidson College, had not been abandoned; that owing to the limited time this fall left to select the right kind of head master for the school, the matter had been delayed. As Davidson College, through its president and trustees, is very much in earnest about this school it may be looked upon as a certainty in the near future.

The matter of a new classification of freights—whereby it was shown that much higher rates of freight were being exacted from the public—was discussed. The following was unanimously passed:

WHEREAS, The North Carolina Railroad Commission at its recent meeting expressed a willingness to hear from the various Chambers of Commerce in regard to the change in the classification of freights made by the Associated Railway Companies in June last

Resolved, That this Chamber solicit from representative merchants and manufacturers in various lines of business in this community, reports of the advances and reductions in freight rates upon leading articles in their respective lines.

Resolved, That the Secretary is requested to procure said reports as speedily as possible and upon the receipt thereof to bring them to the attention of this Chamber in order that a synopsis of them may be transmitted to the members of the State Board of Railroad Commissioners prior to their next meeting.

The subject of good roads leading into Fayetteville from several directions was taken up. The desirability of utilizing the abandoned road-bed of the C. F. and Y. V. railroad to Hope Mills was urged. Also the importance of hard roads in other directions, especially to the northwest of Fayetteville. On motion the following committees were appointed who, were invited by the chamber to recommend some prompt action by which better roads leading into Fyetteville may be secured:

B. T. McBryde, S. H. Strange, W. L. Williams.

S. H. Cotton, J. T. Bynum, Dr. McNeill.

J. R. Williams, E. A. Poe, N. H. Smith.

W. Buck Draughon, H. E. Smith, H. H. Bolton.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.* The Kind You Have Always Bought

TAXES.

Please read the law of North Carolina:

LAWS 1899, CHAPTER 15.

SECTION 36.—The sheriff or his deputy or tax collector shall attend at the court house or his office in the county town during the months of September and November for the purpose of receiving the taxes; he shall also in like manner attend at least one day during the month of October at some one or more places in each township, of which fifteen days' notice shall be given by advertisement at three or more public places, and in a newspaper if one be published in the county.

SEC 37.—Whenever the taxes shall be due and unpaid, the sheriff shall immediately proceed to collect them as follows: 1st. If the party charged have personal property of the value equal to the taxes charged against him, the sheriff shall seize and sell the same as he is required to sell other property under execution.

I intend to follow strictly the above law. A deputy will be in my office to receive taxes during my absence.

Seventy-First, Manchester, Tuesday, October 2, 1900

Little River, Smith's Shop, Wednesday, October 3.

Quewhiffle, Cabin Branch, Thursday, October 4

Quewhiffle, Raeford, Friday. October 5

Seventy-First, Ray's Saturday, October 6

Gray's Creek, Bill Marsh's Gin, Monday, October 15.

Cedar Creek, Downing's Store, Tuesday, October 16.

Beaver Dam, Bullard's Mill, Wednesday, October 17.

Cedar Creek, Stedman, Thursday, October 18.

Black River, Godwin, Friday, October 19.

Flea Hill, Geddie's Gin, Monday, October 22.

Carver's Creek, McKay's store, Tuesday, October 23.

Pearce's Mill, Holt's Mill, Saturday, October 20.

Rockfish, Hope Mills No. 1, Saturday, October 13.

Rockfish, Hope Mills No. 2, Saturday, October 27.

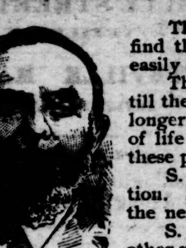
I will be at the above appointed places from 10 a. m. to 3 p. m. upon the dates named above.

Those failing to pay their taxes in the time required by the above law will be visited by myself or deputy at once for the express purpose of collecting the taxes due. The taxes must be wound up by the 31st day of next November, as I am compelled to settle with the State and County. Very respectfully.

G. A. BURNS,
Sheriff Cumberland County.

Fayetteville, N. C., Sept. 12, 1900.

HEALTHY OLD AGE SSS



The majority of persons upon reaching middle age and past find their blood becomes weak and thin, and diseases that were easily controlled in earlier life begin to affect the constitution.

Those predisposed to Scrofula, Cancer, Rheumatism, Gout and other hereditary troubles may escape till then, but as they age the blood, so long tainted and weakened by accumulated waste matters, is no longer able to properly nourish the body, and it becomes an easy mark for disease. At this critical period of life the blood must be re-enforced before it can perform its legitimate functions and rid the system of these poisons, and nothing so surely and effectually does this as S. S. S.

S. S. S. strengthens and enriches the blood, improves the appetite, and builds up the general constitution. It is not only the best blood purifier, but the best tonic for old people. It warms the blood, tones up the nerves, removes all taint from the blood, and prevents the development of disease.

S. S. S. is the only purely vegetable blood medicine known. Not one particle of mercury, potash or other mineral poison can be found in it, and it may be taken for any length of time without harm.

S. S. S. is the only remedy that reaches deep-seated blood troubles like Scrofula, Cancer, Rheumatism, Eczema, Tetter, etc. It purifies and restores the blood to a healthy, normal condition, and makes it impossible for any poisonous waste materials to accumulate.

If you have an old running sore or an obstinate ulcer that refuses to heal, or are troubled with boils and carbuncles, try S. S. S. It never fails to make a quick and permanent cure of these pests. If your system is run down and you feel the need of a tonic, S. S. S. will strengthen and help you as it has many others to a happy, healthy old age.

S. S. S. cured Mr. H. Borden of Saumsville, Va., of a case of Eczema of thirty-five years' standing, after the best physicians in the surrounding country had failed. This was seven years ago, and there has been no return of the disease.

Mrs. D. R. Johnson, of Blackshear, Ga., was for years afflicted with a severe type of rheumatism, and had used every remedy known and recommended as a cure without receiving any benefit. S. S. S. promptly reached the seat of the disease and made a complete and permanent cure.

If you are in doubt about your disease, and will send us a statement of your case, our physician will give you any information or advice wanted, for which we make no charge.

Book on Blood and Skin Diseases sent to any desiring it. Address Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.

S. S. S. IS THE IDEAL TONIC AND BLOOD PURIFIER FOR OLD PEOPLE.

Governor Jarvis a Candidate.

The daily Greenville Reflector of Thursday contains a letter from ex Governor T. J. Jarvis, announcing his candidacy for the United States Senate.

WANTED.

A good male teacher to teach in public and private school at McPherson church. Communicate with J. B. HUSKE, Chairman of Committee, Fayetteville, N. C.

Sept. 1, 1900.

SALEM

Academy and College, for Girls and Young Womem. Best home care, together with full College instruction Specialists in Music, Art, Elocution, Languages, Commercial and Industrial Studies. Institution founded in 1802 The Register shows 342 last year. New term begins Wednesday. Sept. 5 1900. Send for catalogue to REV. J. H. CLEWELL, Principal, Salem, North Carolina.

Notice.

Having qualified as Executor of the estate of Mary J. Williams, deceased, late of Cumberland county, N. C., this is to notify all persons having claims against the said estate to exhibit them to the undersigned on or before the 12th day of September, 1901, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment.

NEILL H WILLIAMS, Executor.

This 12th day of Sept. 1900.

Administrator's Notice.

Having qualified as administrator of Marsden Haigh deceased, late of Cumberland county, N. C., this is to notify all persons having claims against the estate of said deceased to exhibit them to the undersigned on or before the 21st day of August, 1901, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment.

This 21st day of August 1900.

CHARLES HAIGH, Administrator.

Administrator's Notice.

After having qualified as Administrator of the Estate of Jessie Blackman, deceased. late of Cumberland county, N. C., this is to notify all persons having claims against the estate of the said deceased to exhibit them to the undersigned on or before the 18th day of August, 1901, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment

This the 18th day of August, 1900

D. T. OATES, Administrator.

Executors' Notice.

The undersigned Executors named in the Last Will and Testament of Thomas S. Lutterloh, having duly qualified, hereby notify all persons having claims against the decedent, to exhibit the same to the undersigned or to either one of them on or before the 26th day of July 1901.

Persons indebted to the estate will please make immediate payment

RALPH B. LUTTERLOH,
HERBERT LUTTERLOH,
Executors of Thomas S. Lutterloh.

R. P. BUXTON, Att'y.

Fayetteville, 25th July 1900.

Notice of Dissolution.

Notice is hereby given that the copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the firm name of Britton & Johnson, was on Aug. 21st., 1900, dissolved by mutual consent

W. H. Britton assumes all of the liabilities of the late firm due and owing on account of the lumber business.

W. J. Johnson assumes all of the liabilities of the late firm due and owing in connection with the turpentine business.

All persons indebted to the late firm will settle with W. H. Britton except those whose liabilities were set apart to W. J. Johnson in the articles of dissolution.

W. H. Britton will continue the lumber business and has purchased the good will of W. J. Johnson in that business.

W. J. Johnson will continue the turpentine business heretofore conducted by the firm.

W. H. BRITTON,
W. J. JOHNSON.

Aug 25th, 1900.

Notice of Sale.

By virtue of the authority contained in a mortgage deed, executed to me on the 23rd day of February, 1897, by K. E. Barefoot, and duly registered in the Register's office of Cumberland county, in Book A, No. 5, page 6, I shall sell, at auction for cash, at the Court House door in the town of Fayetteville, on the

26th day of March, 1900,

the following real property, to-wit;

A certain piece or tract of land lying and being in Cumberland County, State of North Carolina, in Black River Township, and described and defined as follows:

Beginning at a cypress in the main run of Mingo and runs N 6½ W 25 poles and 15 links to a hickory on the side of the path; thence N 72 W 25 poles to a stake in the path; thence N 23 W 139 poles to a stake on the west side of Reedy Branch; thence S 45 W 26 poles to a small black gum in the edge of a small branch; thence South 57 chains and 70 links to a cypress knee in the main run of Mingo; thence up the main run as it meanders to the beginning, containing 100 acres and fully described in said mortgage

This 16th day of February, 1900.

L. E. PARKER; Mortgagee.

James D. Parker, Att'y

The above sale is postponed to

Monday, Oct. 15th, 1900,

at 12 o'clock M., by mutual consent. All rights reserved.

JAS. D. PARKER, Att'y for Mortgagee.
ROBINSON & SHAW, Att'ys for Mortg'r.

PATENTS

Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained, and all Patent business conducted for MODERATE FEES. OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE and we can secure patent in less time than those remote from Washington.

Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise, if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.

A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents," with cost of same in the U. S. and foreign countries sent free. Address,

C. A. SNOW & CO.
OPP. PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

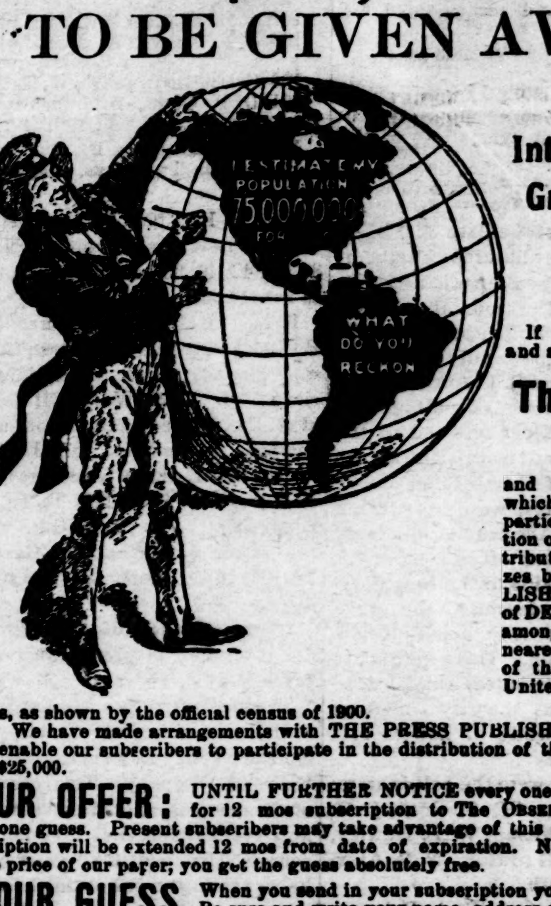
THE GRADY SCHOOL,

Turkey, N. C.,

Will begin its next session September 3rd. Write for particulars to

ju 25-tf B F. GRADY.

$25,000 TO BE GIVEN AWAY.



Are You Interested in the Greatest Country on the Globe?

If so, send your guess and subscription to

The Observer,

Fayetteville, N. C.,

and receive a certificate which will entitle you to participate in the distribution of $25,000.00 to be distributed in 1,000 Cash Prizes by the PRESS PUBLISHING ASSOCIATION of DETROIT, MICHIGAN, among those making the nearest guess or estimate of the population of the United States and Territories, as shown by the official census of 1900.

We have made arrangements with THE PRESS PUBLISHING ASSOCIATION to enable our subscribers to participate in the distribution of the prizes, amounting to $25,000.

OUR OFFER: UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE every one who sends us $1.00 for 12 mos subscription to THE OBSERVER will be entitled to one guess. Present subscribers may take advantage of this offer and their subscription will be extended 12 mos from date of expiration. No advance is made in the price of our paper; you get the guess absolutely free.

YOUR GUESS When you send in your subscription you make your guess. Be sure and write your name, address and guess as plainly as possible. As soon as we receive your subscription we will fill out and send you a certificate corresponding to guess made by you, which will entitle you to any prize that you may draw. Be sure and keep your certificate. We will file the duplicate with The Press Publishing Association. Every subscriber will receive as many certificates and have as many guesses as he sends subscriptions to THE OBSERVER. If you want more than one guess get your friends and neighbors to subscribe. They will also be entitled to one guess.

VALUABLE INFORMATION.

To aid subscribers in forming their estimate, we furnish the following data:

Year.	Total Population.	Increase.	Per cent.
1790	3,929,214	929,214	31
1800	5,308,483	1,379,269	35
1810	7,220,881	2,012,398	37
1820	9,638,453	2,317,573	32
1830	12,860,020	3,221,567	33
1840	17,069,453	4,209,433	33
1850	23,191,876	6,122,423	35
1860	31,443,321	8,251,455	35
1870	38,558,371	7,115,050	22
1880	50,155,783	11,597,412	30
1890	62,622,250	12,466,467	25

The population for 1900 at an increase of 21 per cent over the population would be 75,772,922 (An increase of 13,150,672.)

At an increase of 22 per ct. it would be 76,399,144 (An increase of 13,776,894.)

At an increase of 23 per ct it would be 77,025,366 (An increase of 14,403,116.)

At an increase of 24 per ct. it would be 77,651,588 (An increase of 15,029,338.)

At an increase of 25 per ct. it would be 78,277,812 (An increase of 15,655,562.)

Prizes to be Awarded as Follows:

To the nearest correct guess,	$15,000
To the 2nd,	5,000 00
To the 3rd,	1,000 00
To the 4th,	500 00
To the 5th,	300 00
To the 6th,	200 00
To the 7th,	100 00
To the 8th,	90 00
To the 9th	80 00
To the 10th,	75 00
To the 11th,	60 00
To the 12th,	50 00
To the 13th,	40 00
To the 14th,	35 00
To the 15th,	30 00
To the 16th,	25 00
To the 17th,	20 00
To the 18th,	15 00
To the 19th,	15 00
To the 20th,	15 00
To the next 180 nearest correct guesses, $5 00 each, amounting to	900 00
To the next 100 nearest correct guesses, $4.00 each, amounting to	400 00
To the next 100 nearest correct guesses, $2.50 each, amounting to	250 00
To the next 200 nearest correct guesses, $2 00 each, amounting to	400 00
To the next 400 nearest correct guesses, $1.00 each, amounting to	400 00
Total, 1,000 prizes, amounting to	$25,000 00

This is One of the Greatest Offers Ever Made:

In case of a tie, or that two or more estimators are equally correct, prizes will be divided equally between them.

This contest will close one month before the population has been officially announced by the Director of the United States Census at Washington, D. C., and THE OBSERVER will announce the date when the guessing will close.

Subscription Blank.

NAME..................

TOWN..................

STATE..................

MY GUESS..................

REMEMBER That the FIRST PRIZE is **$15,000**

The Press Publishing Association has deposited $25,000 in the Central Savings Bank of Detroit, Mich., for the express purpose of paying the prizes.

THE CASH MUST ACCOMPANY YOUR ORDER. The OBSERVER costs you only $1.00 per 12 mos. You get the guess ABSOLUTELY FREE.

Address your orders to "OBSERVER," Fayetteville, N. C.

RAEFORD MILITARY INSTITUTE.

FALL TERM OPENS SEPT. 17TH, 1900.

Classics, Sciences, Music and Art taught by full corps of competent teachers.

For further information apply to

Prof. W. P. M. Currie, Principal.

John W. McLauchlin, Secretary Board of Trustees.

CITY LUMBER YARD.

EUGENE T. WATSON,

Dealer in Rough and Finished

LUMBER,

Flooring,

Ceiling,

Weatherboards,

Door and Window-Casings, and all kinds of Mouldings, also Shingles, Laths, Lime and Hair.

Littleton Female College.

A very prosperous school with modern buildings,

SPLENDIDLY LOCATED

in a remarkably healthful section in Warren county on S. A. L. Road,

BETWEEN RALEIGH AND WELDON, N. C.

Panacea water kept in building for free use of inmates.

Fifteen Officers and Teachers.

CHARGES VERY LOW.

The eighteenth annual session will begin Wednesday, September 19th, 1900.

For catalogue address

REV. J. M. RHODES,
Littleton, N. C.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat.

It artificially digests the food and aids Nature in strengthening and reconstructing the exhausted digestive organs. It is the latest discovered digestant and tonic. No other preparation can approach it in efficiency. It instantly relieves and permanently cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Heartburn, Flatulence, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Sick Headache, Gastralgia, Cramps, and all other results of imperfect digestion.

Prepared by E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago.

KING BROS.

Administrator's Notice.

The undersigned having this day qualified as administrator of the estate of Calvin C. Bell, hereby gives notice that all persons having claims against said estate shall present the same to the undersigned on or before September 3rd, 1901, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of recovery. All persons indebted to said estate are notified to make immediate payment.

ISAAC W HODGES, Administrator.

GEO. M. ROSE, Attorney.

Sept. 3rd, 1900.

FAYETTEVILLE MARBLE AND GRANITE WORKS,

Strictly First-Class Work.

Call at my yard or write for prices. Respectfully,

E. L. REMSBURG, Proprietor,
Fayetteville, N. C.

Junk Shop!

I have opened a Junk Shop at the foot of Haymount hill, and expect to pay highest Cash prices for all kinds of

Scrap Iron, Brass, Lead, Copper, Bones, Rags, Wool and Beeswax.

HIDES AND FURS A SPECIALTY.

Bring me your old goods and I will pay highest market price for same.

L. LEVIN.

Atlantic Coast Line Railway Company

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

DATED Nov. 19, 1899.	No 23, Daily.	No 35, Daily.	No. 103 D'ly ex Sunday	No 41, Daily.	No 49, Daily.
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M
Leave Weldon	11 50	8 58			
Ar Rocky Mt.	12 55	10 04			
Leave Tarboro	12 21		6 00		
Lv Rocky Mt,	1 00	10 04	6 45	5 40	12 52
Leave Wilson	1 58	10 25	7 10	6 20	2 40
Leave Selma	2 55				
Lv Fayetteville	4 30	12 19			
Ar Florence	7 25	2 34			
	P. M.	A. M.			
Ar Goldsboro	......	......	7 50	......	......
Lv Goldsboro	......	......		7 01	3 21
Lv Magnolia	......	......		8 09	4 25
Ar Wilmington	......	......		9 40	5 50
			P. M.	A. M.	P. M

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

	No 78, Daily.	No. 102, D'ly ex. Sunday.	No 32, Daily.	No 40 Daily.	No 78, Daily
	A. M.		P. M.		
Lv Florence	9 40		7 45		
Lv Fayetteville	12 20		9 45		
Leave Selma	1 50		10 54		
Arrive Wilson	2 55		11 31		
		A. M.		P. M.	A. M.
Lv Wilmington				7 00	9 45
Lv Magnolia				8 34	11 19
Lv Goldsboro		5 15		9 45	12 30
	P. M.		A. M.	P. M	P. M.
Leave Wilson	2 35	5 43	11 31	10 38	1 16
Ar Rocky Mt.	3 30	6 15	12 07	11 35	1 53
Ar Tarboro		7 04			
Leave Tarboro	12 21				
Lv Rocky Mt.	3 30		12 09		
Arrive Weldon	4 32		1 00		
	P. M.		A. M	P. M.	

†Daily except Monday. ‡Daily except Sunday.

Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, Yadkin Division Main Line—train leaves Wilmington, 9 00 a. m, arrives Fayetteville 12.15 p. m. Leaves Fayetteville 12.25 p. m, arrives Sanford 1.43 p. m. Returning leave Sanford 2.30 p. m, arrive Fayetteville 3.45 p. m. Leave Fayetteville 3.50 p. m, arrive Wilmingtom 6.50 p. m.

Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, Bennettsville Branch—train leaves Bennettsville 8.15 a. m, Maxton 9.20 a. m, Red Springs 9.53 a m, Hope Mills 10.42 a. m, arrive Fayetteville 11.10. Returning leaves Fayetteville 4.45 p. m, Hope Mills 4.55 p. m, Red Springs 5.35 p. m, Maxton 6.15 p. m, arrives Bennettsville 7.15 p. m.

Connections at Fayetteville with train No. 78, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line and Southern Railway, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3:35 P. M., Halifax 4:15 P. M. arrive Scotland Neck at 5:08 P. M., Greenville 6:57 P. M., Kinston 7:55 P. M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7:50 A. M., Greenville 8:52 A. M. Arriving Halifax at 11:18 A. M., Weldon 11:33 A. M., daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8:10 A. M., and 2:30 P. M., arrive Parmele 9:10 A. M., and 4:00 P. M., returning leave Parmele 9:35 A. M., and 6:30 P. M., arrive Washington 11:00 A. M., and 7:30 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday at 5:30 P. M., Sunday, 4:15 P. M., arrives Plymouth 7:40 P. M., 6:10 P. M. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7:50 A. M., and Sunday 9.00 A. M., arrives Tarboro 10:05 A. M., 11:00 A. M.

Train on Midland N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro daily except Sunday, 7:05 A. M., arriving Smithfield 8:10 A. M. Returning, leaves Smithfield 9:00 A. M.; arrive Goldsboro 10:25 A. M.

Trains on Nashville Branch leave Rocky Mount at 9:30 A. M., 3:40 P. M., arrive Nashville 10:10 A. M., 4:03 P. M., Spring Hope 10:40 A. M., 4:55 P. M. Returning, leave Spring Hope 11:00 A. M., 4:55 P. M., Nashville 11:22 A. M., 5:25 P. M., arrive Rocky Mount 11:45 A. M., 6:00 P. M., daily except Sunday.

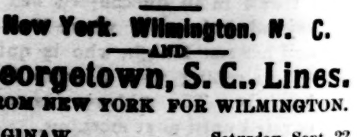
Train on Clinton Branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton, daily, except Sunday, at 11:40 A. M and 4:15 P. M. Returning, leaves Clinton at 7:00 A. M., and 2:50 P. M

Train No. 78 makes close connection at Weldon for all points North daily, all rail via Richmond.

H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. R. KENLEY, Gen'l Manager.

T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.



Clyde Steamship Co

New York, Wilmington, N. C. AND Georgetown, S. C., Lines.

FROM NEW YORK FOR WILMINGTON.

SAGINAW..................Saturday, Sept. 22

ONEIDA..................Saturday, Sept. 29

FROM WILMINGTON FOR NEW YORK.

ONEIDA..................Saturday, Sept. 22

SAGINAW..................Saturday, Sept. 29

FROM WILMINGTON for GEORGETOWN.

ONEIDA..................Tuesday, Sept. 18

SAGINAW..................Tuesday, Sept 25

Steamship Oneida does not carry passengers.

☞ Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight or Passage apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Superintendent, Wilmington, N. C.

THEO. G. EGER, General Manager, 19 State Street, N. Y